

# The JavaScriptCore Virtual Machine

Filip Pizlo  
Apple Inc.

# 3 Pizlo Keynotes / Week

ICCV'17

“Symmetry as the fundamental prior in human 3D vision”

Zygmunt Pizlo



webkit.org

<https://svn.webkit.org/repository/webkit/trunk>



Safari

# What JSC Supports

- ECMAScript 2016+
- WebAssembly

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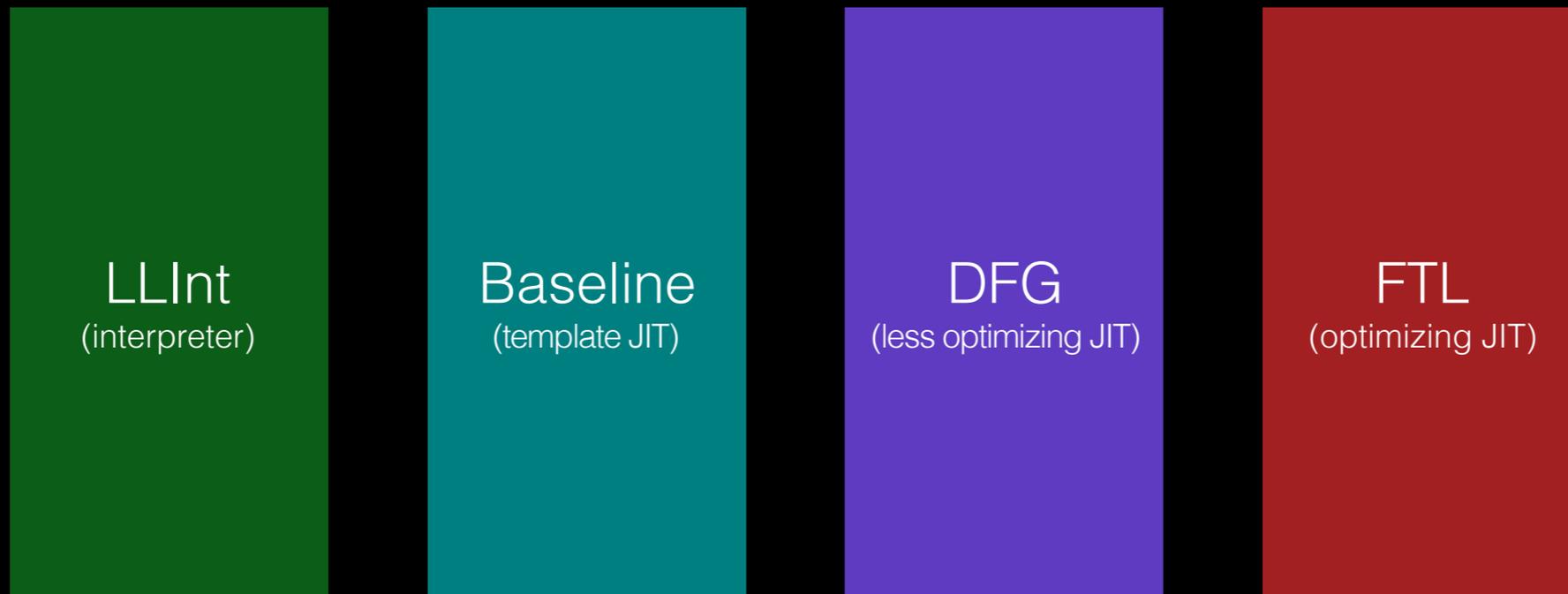
Architecture

# Architecture

- Interpreters and JITs
- Object Model
- Type Inference
- Garbage Collector

# Interpreters and JITs

# Four Tiers



← *latency* *throughput* →

- Four tiers for JavaScript
- Two tiers for WebAssembly
- Two tiers for regular expressions

- Four tiers for JavaScript
- Two tiers for WebAssembly
- Two tiers for regular expressions

# Four Tiers

- How we tier up
- How the tiers work
- How we OSR exit

```
"use strict";
```

```
let result = 0;
```

```
for (let i = 0; i < 100000000; ++i) {
```

```
    let o = {f: i};
```

```
    result += o.f;
```

```
}
```

```
print(result);
```



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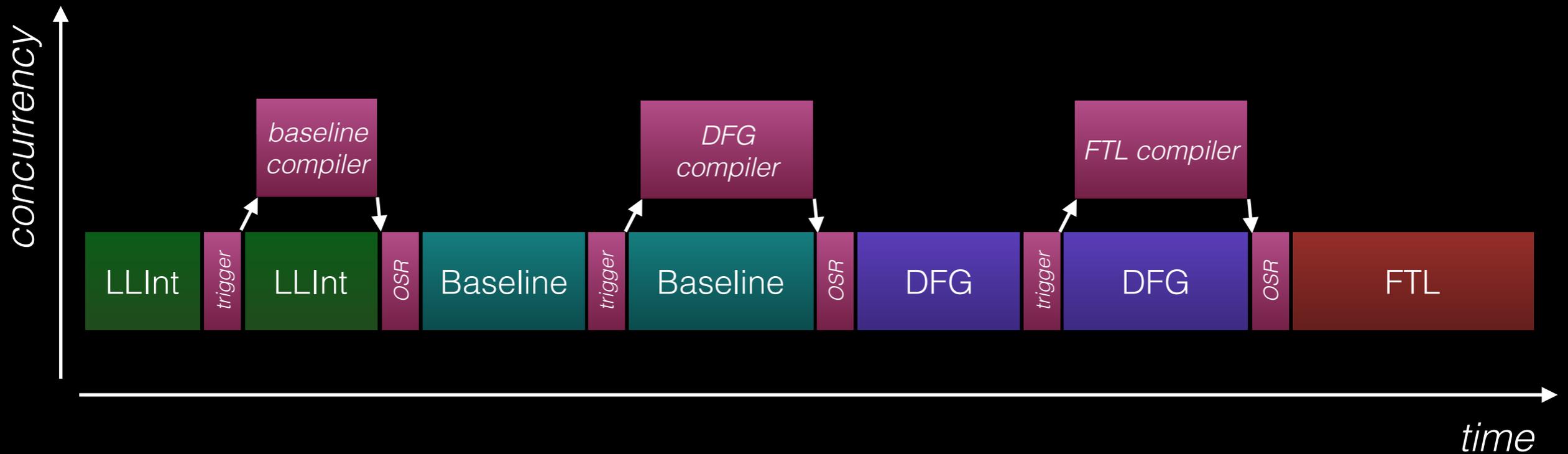
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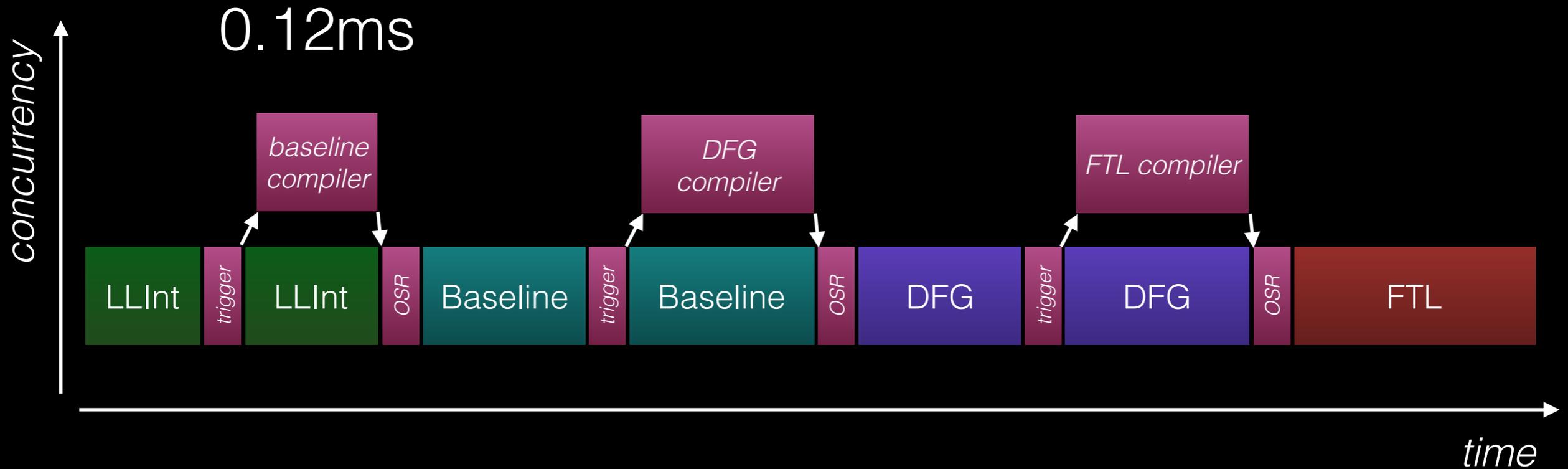
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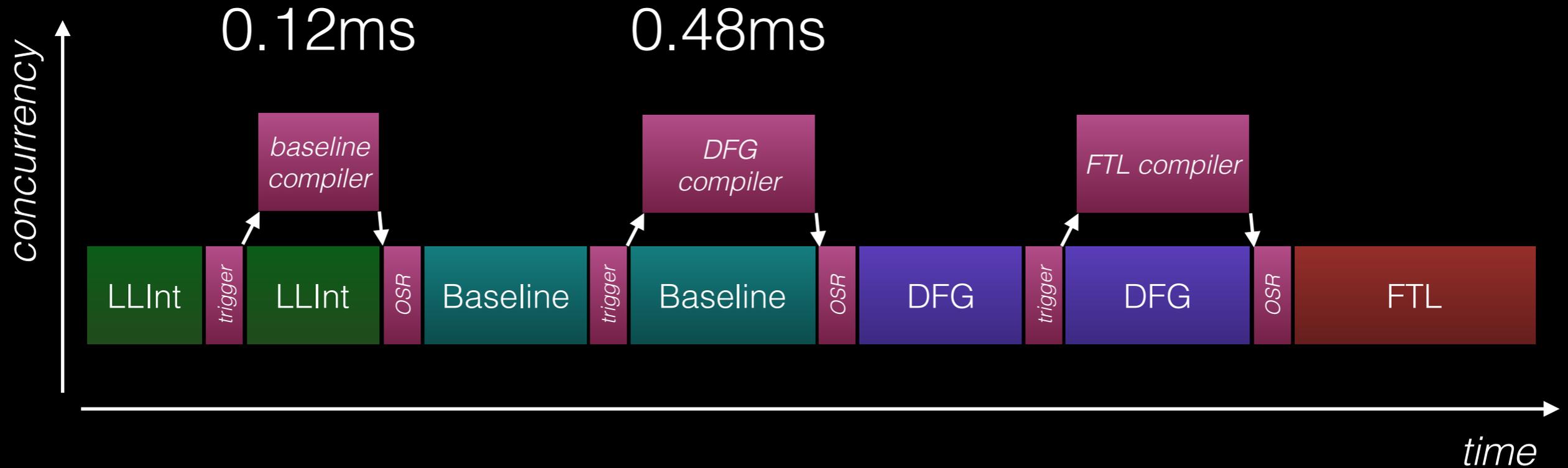
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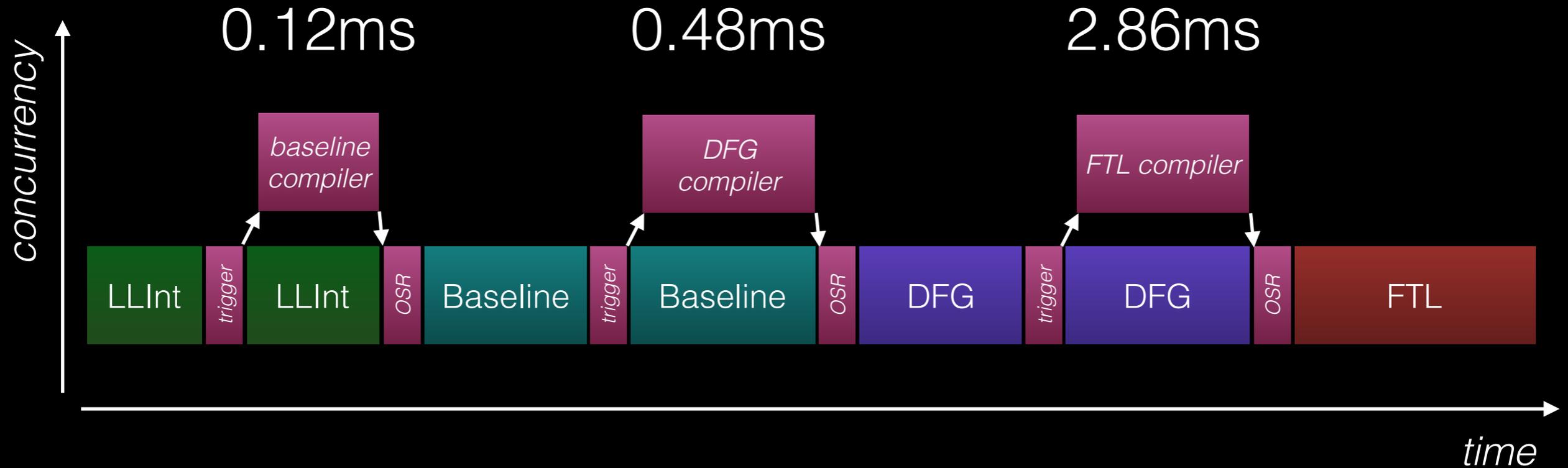
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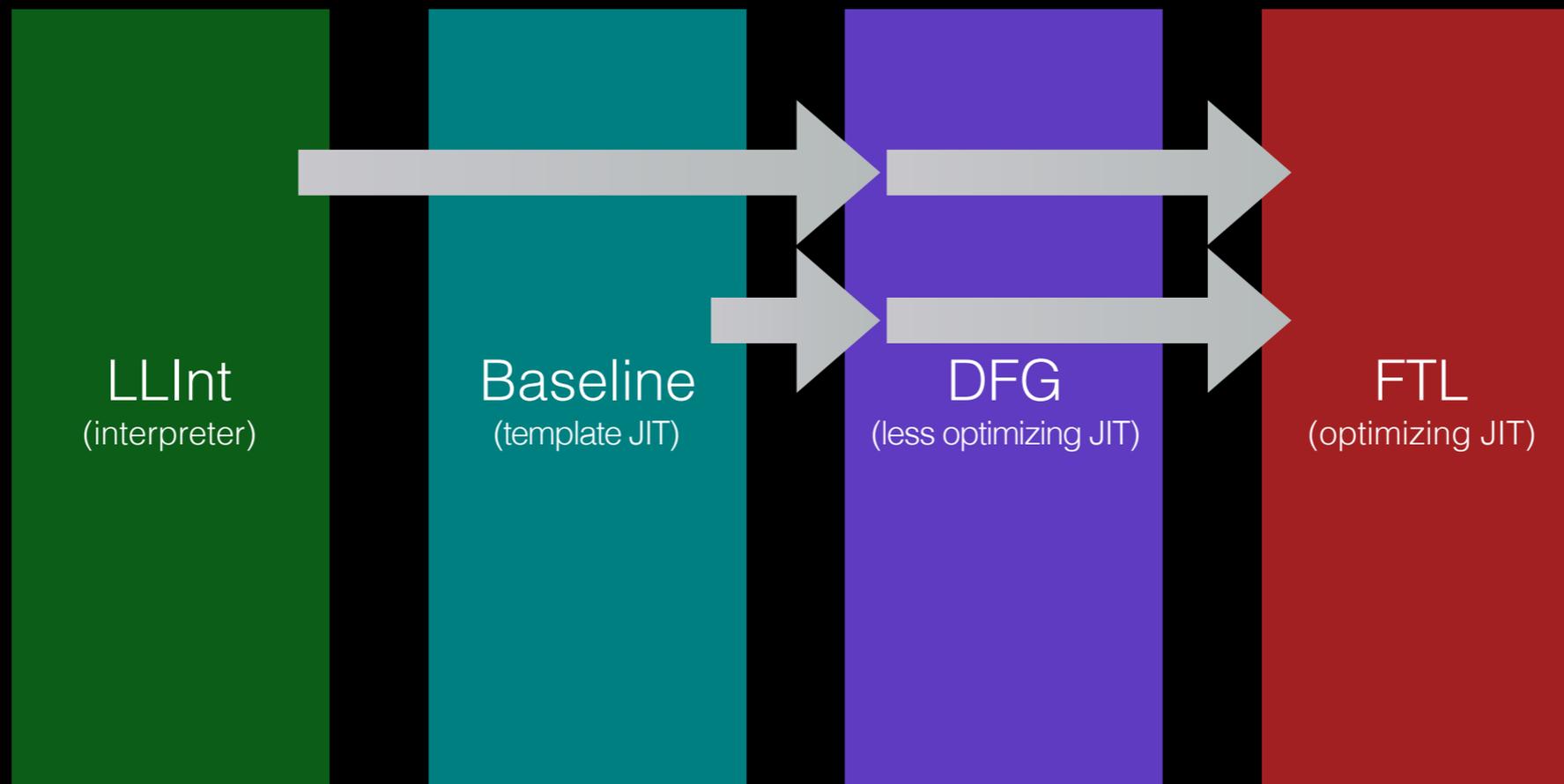
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```



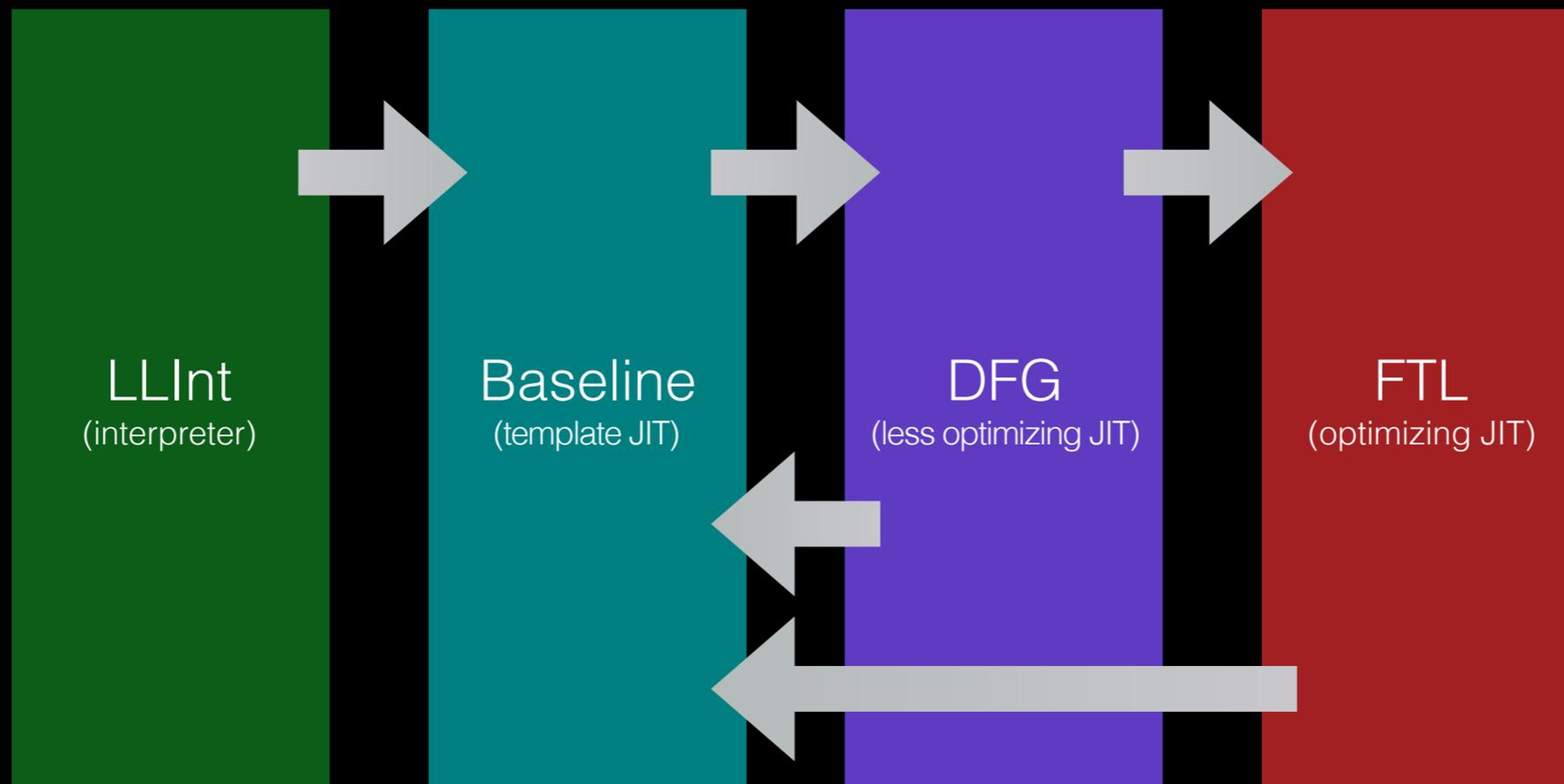
# How We Tier Up

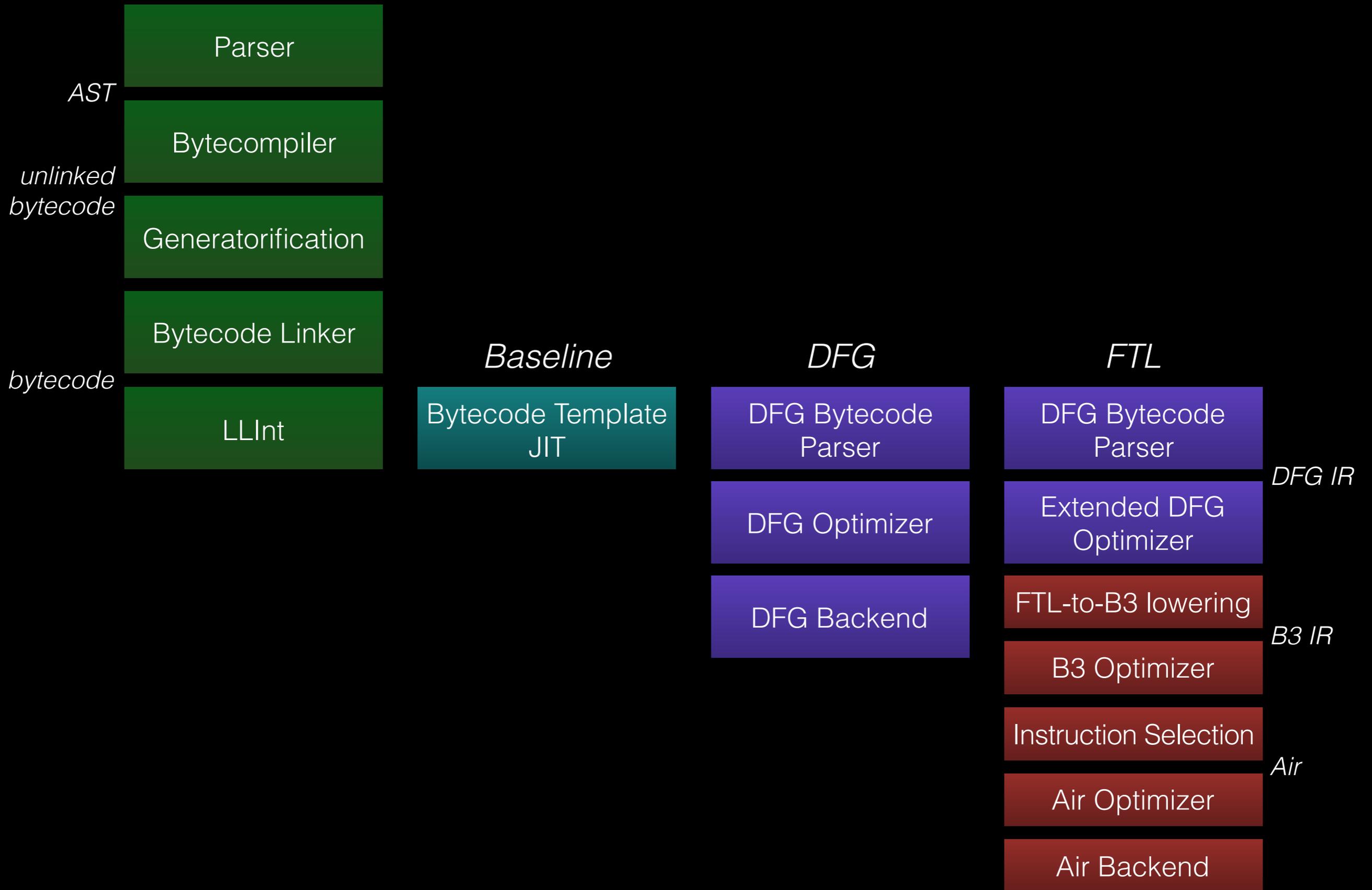
- Counting trigger
- Concurrent JITs
- Parallel JITs
- OSR

# Profiling



# Speculation and OSR



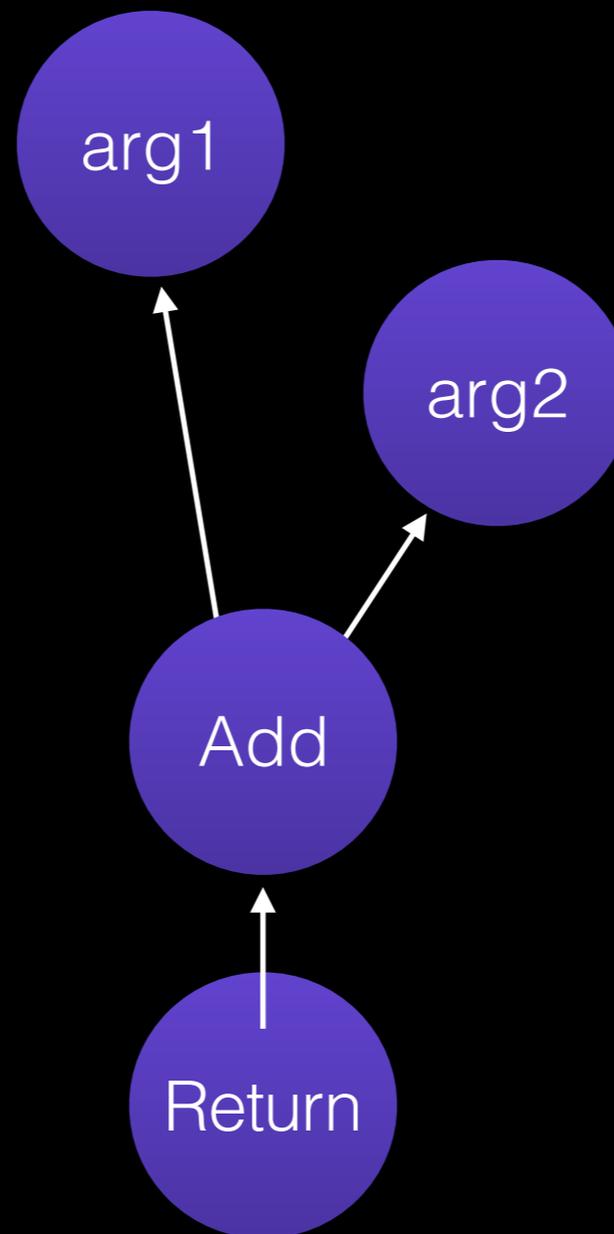


```
function foo(a, b)
{
    return a + b;
}
```

```
[ 0] enter
[ 1] get_scope      loc3
[ 3] mov           loc4, loc3
[ 6] check_traps
[ 7] add           loc6, arg1, arg2
[12] ret           loc6
```

```
[ 0] enter
[ 1] get_scope      loc3
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23: GetLocal(Untyped:@1, arg1(B<Int32>/FlushedInt32), R:Stack(6), bc#7)
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25: ArithAdd(Int32:@23, Int32:@24, CheckOverflow, Exits, bc#7)
26: MovHint(Untyped:@25, loc6, W:SideState, ClobbersExit, bc#7, ExitInvalid)
28: Return(Untyped:@25, W:SideState, Exits, bc#12)
```

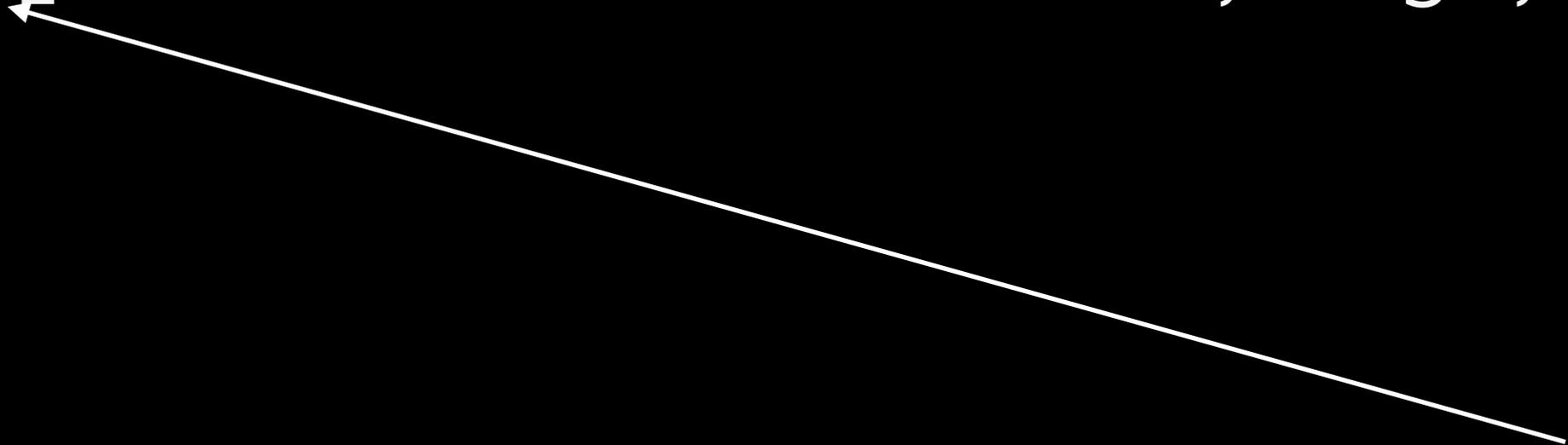


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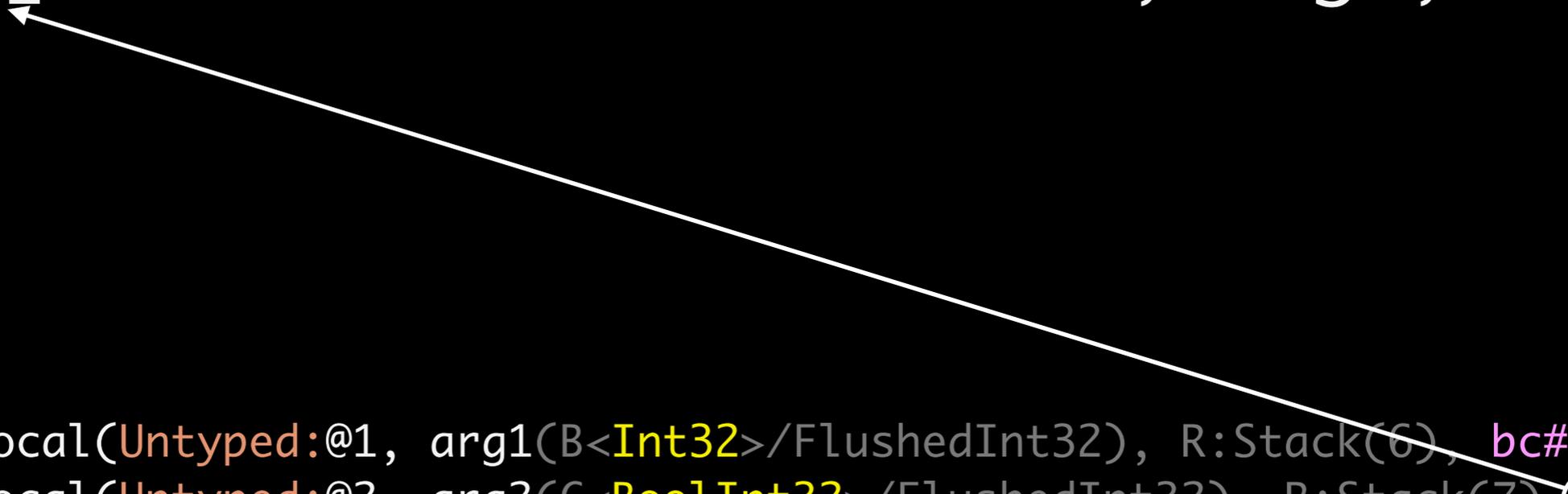
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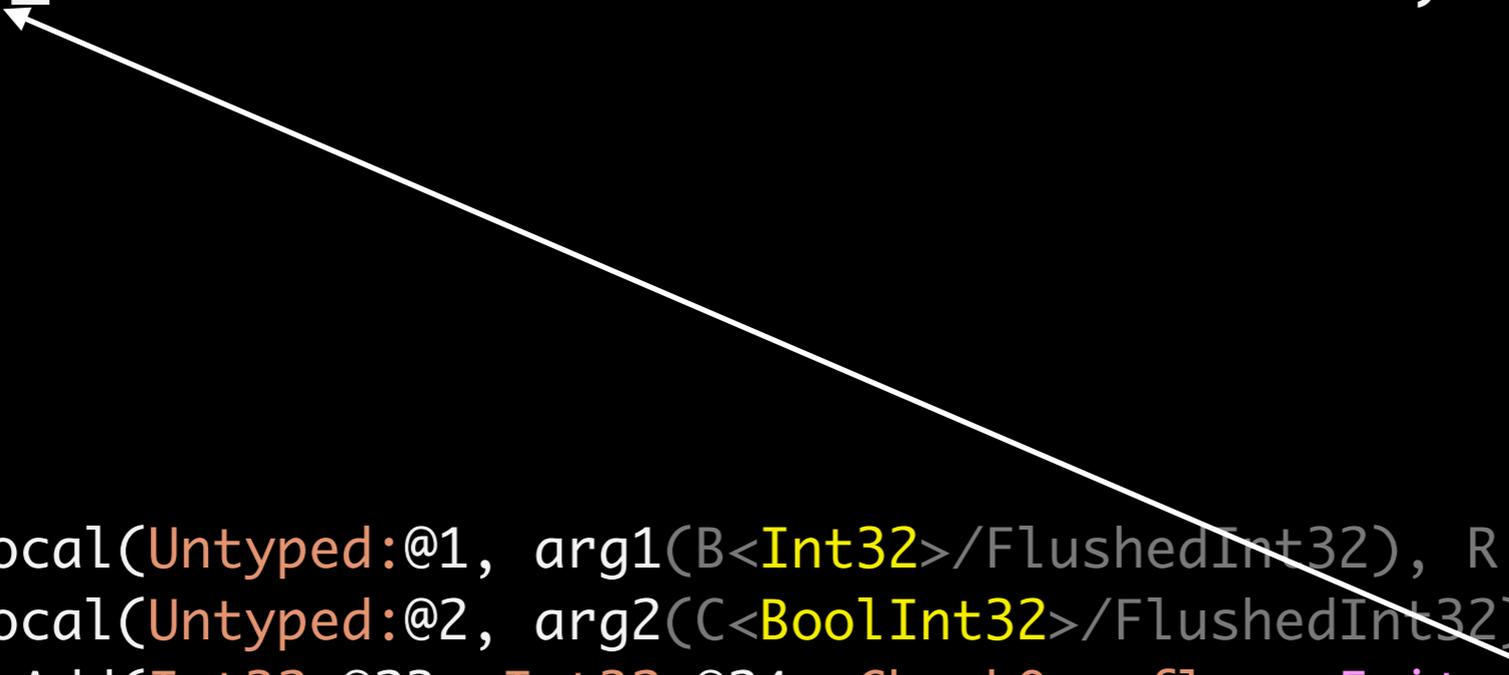
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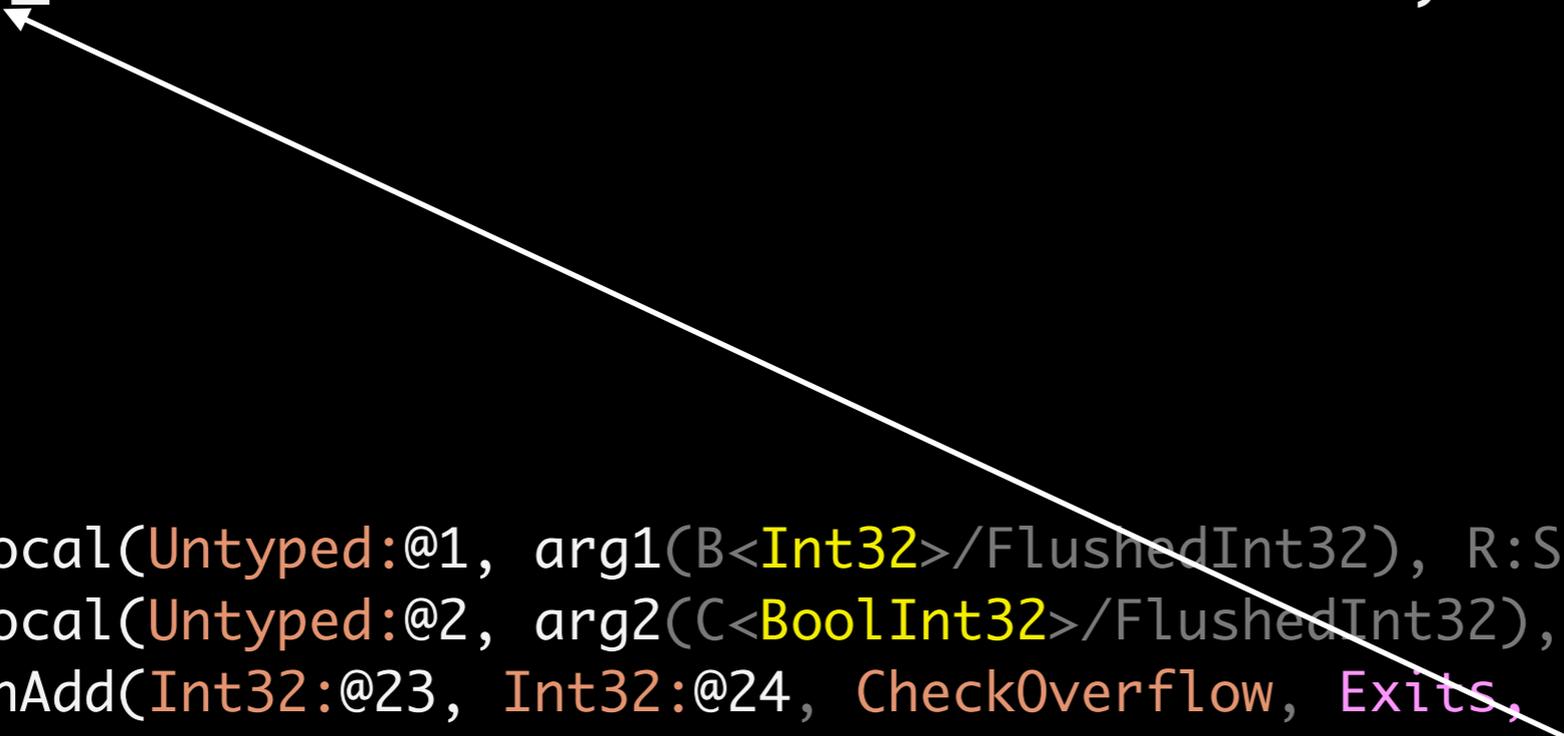
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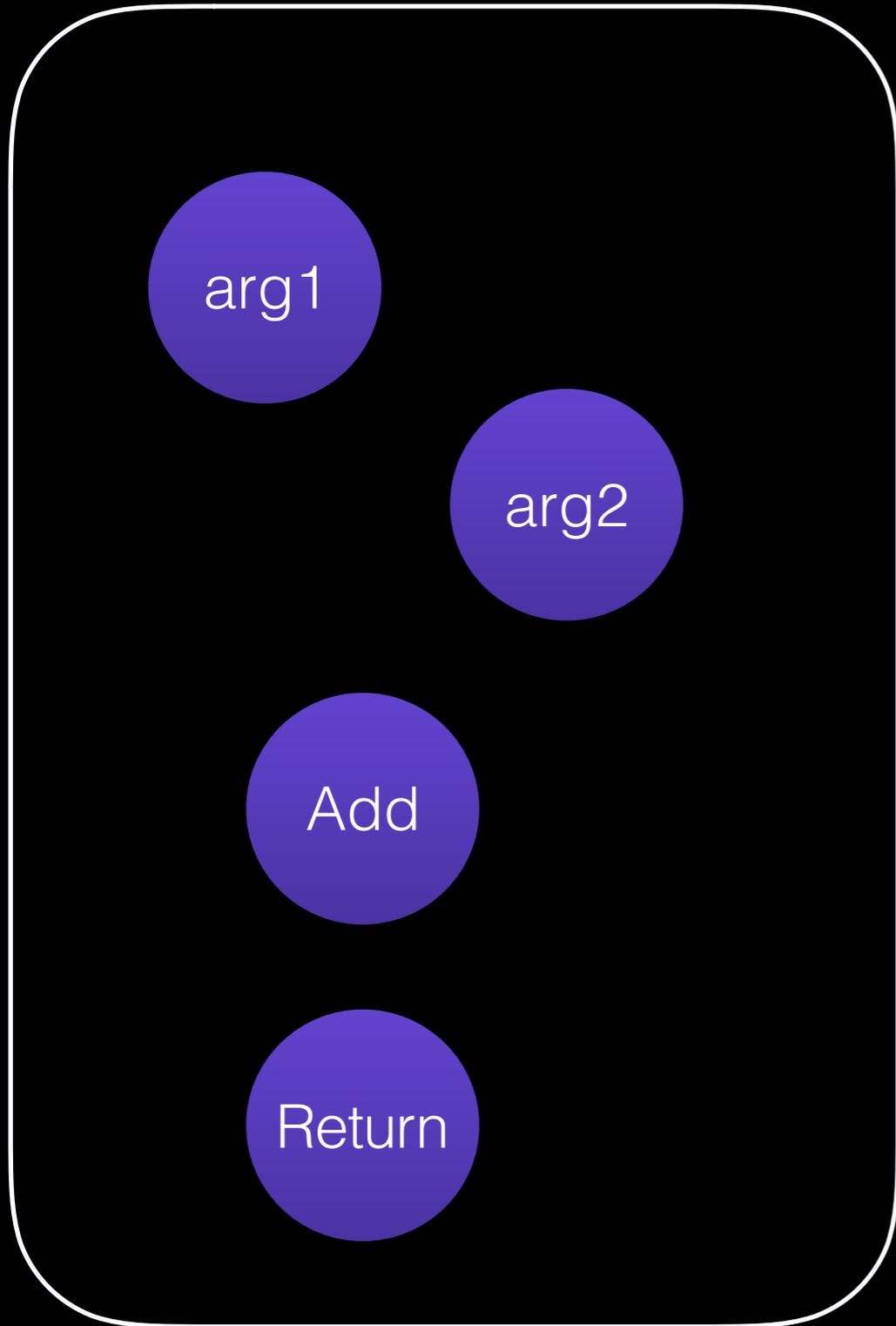
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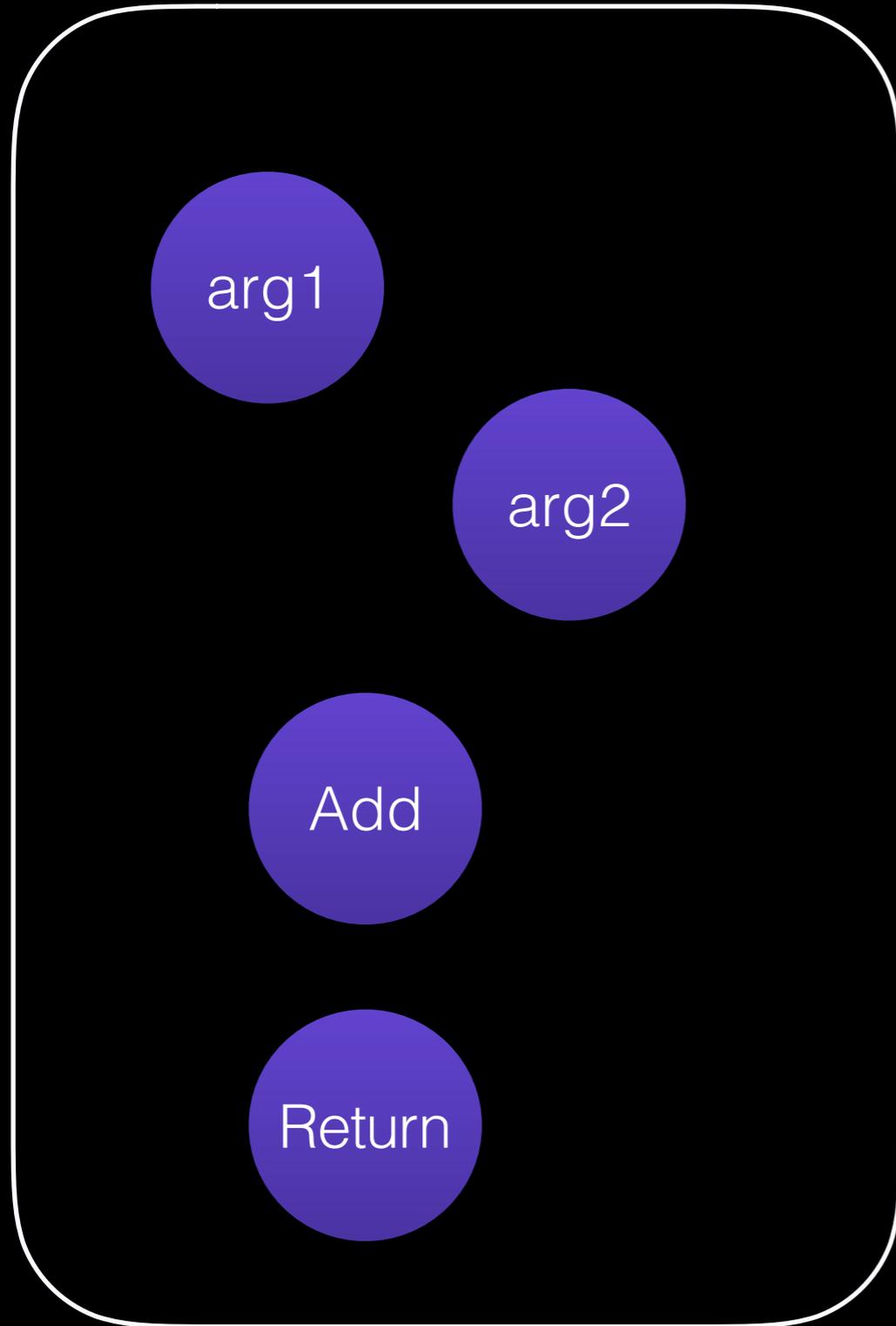
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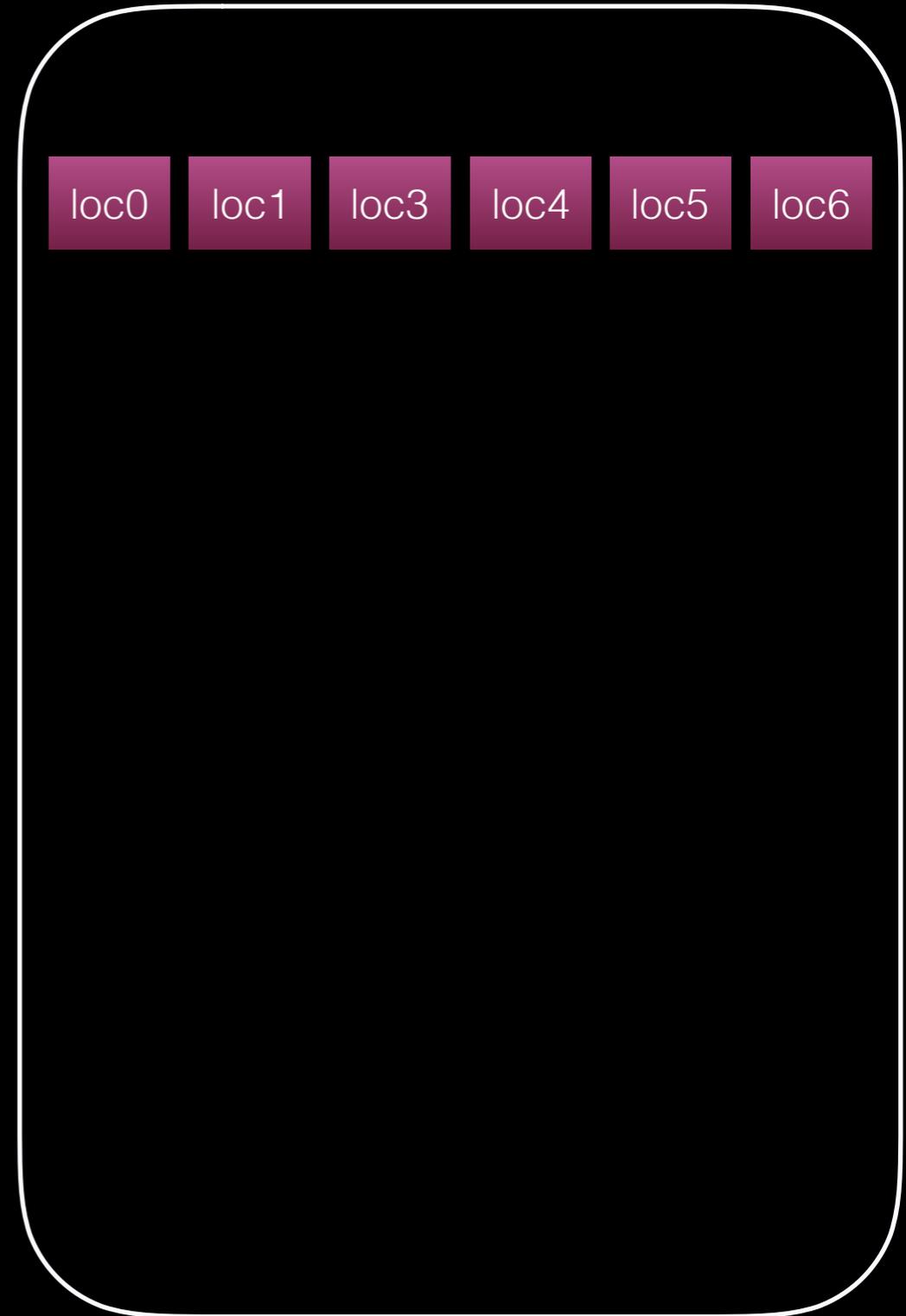
# DFG SSA state



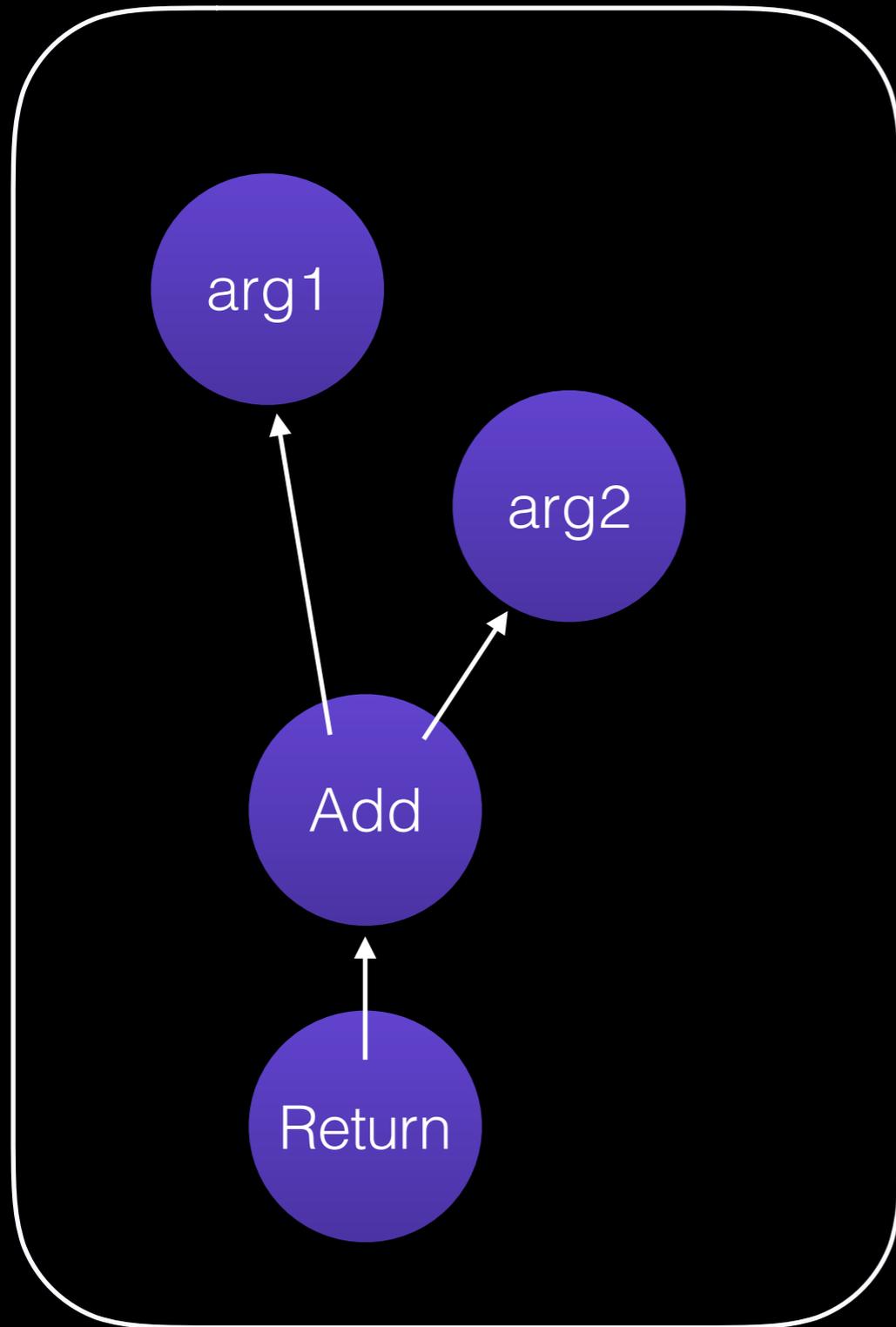
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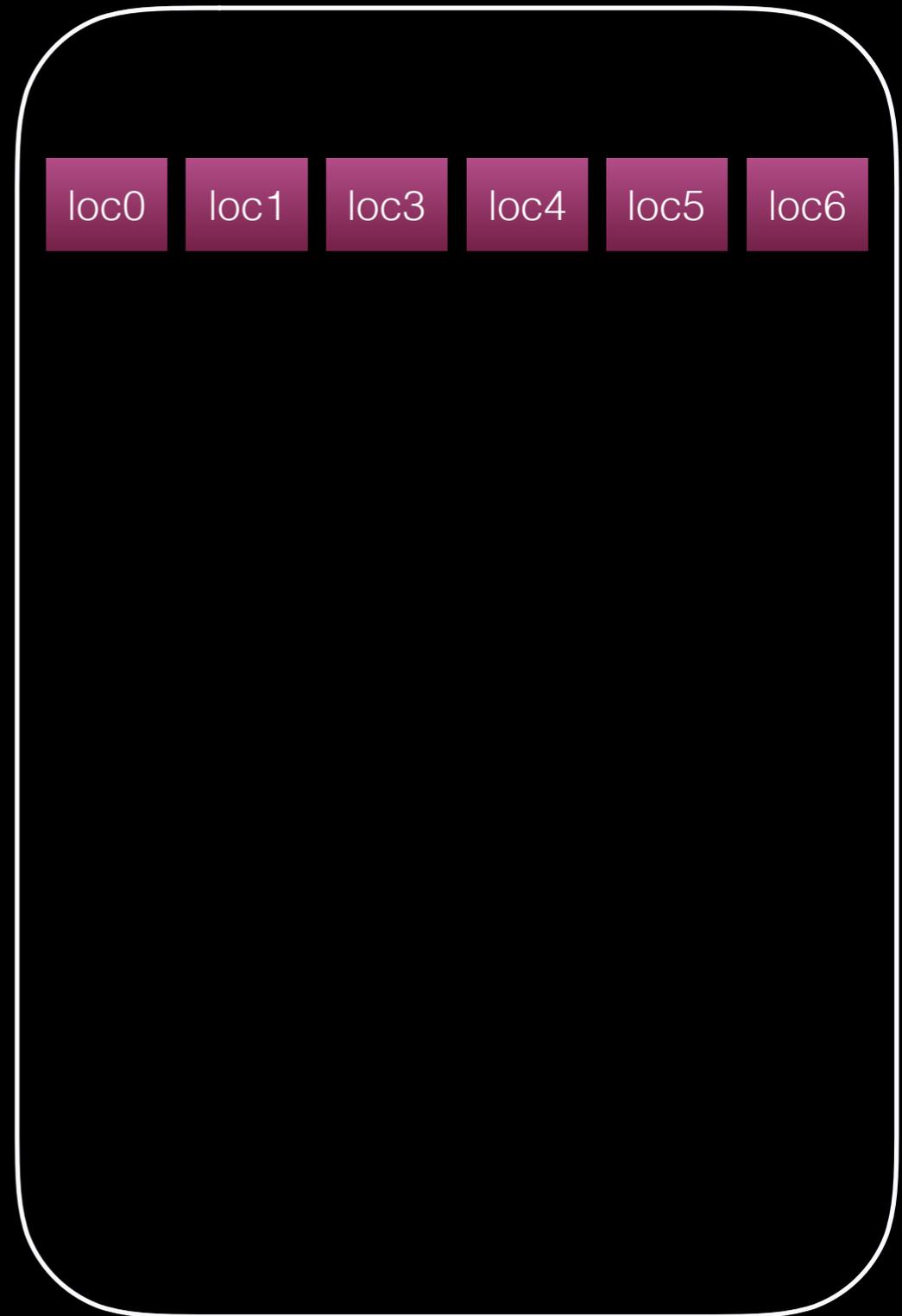
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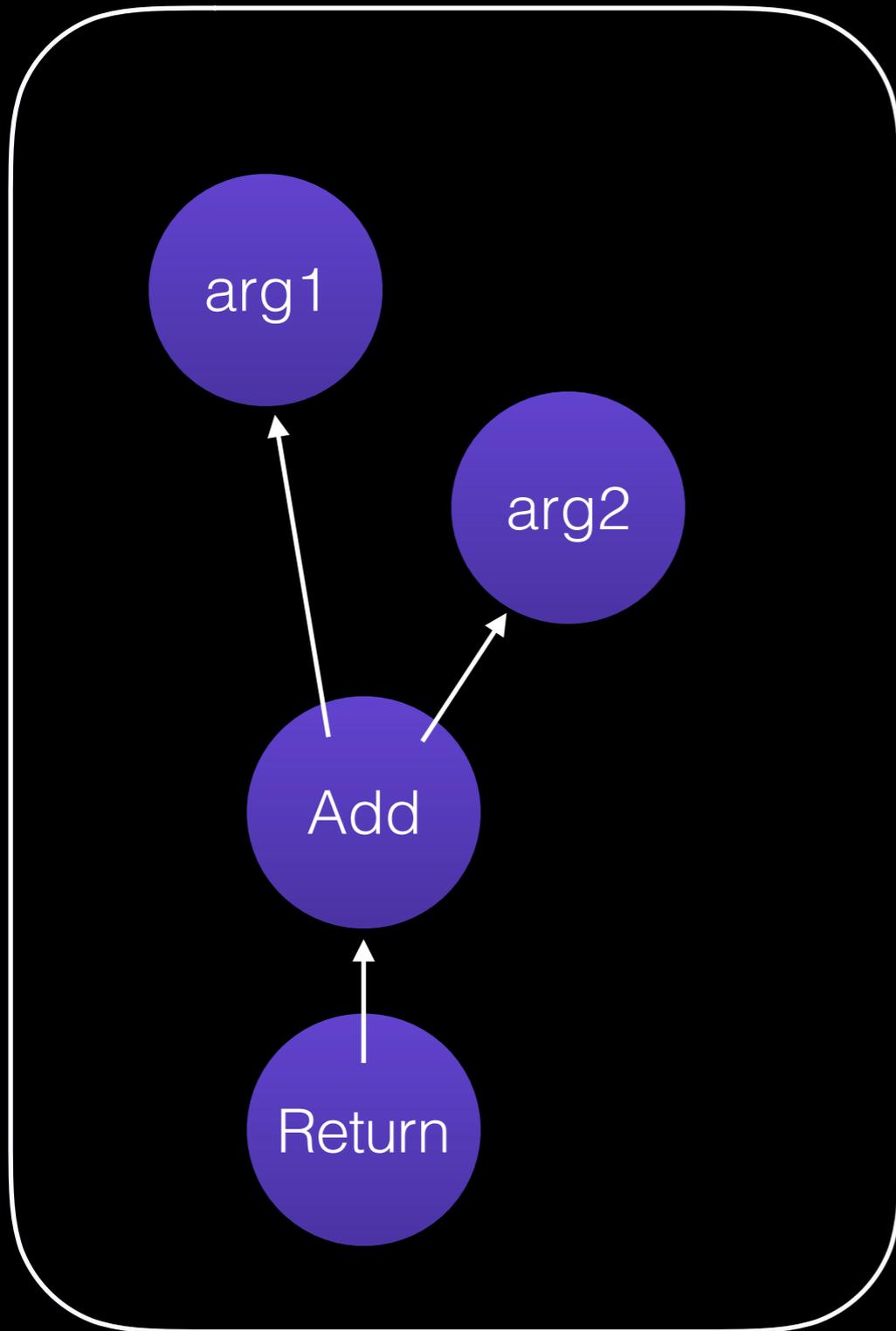
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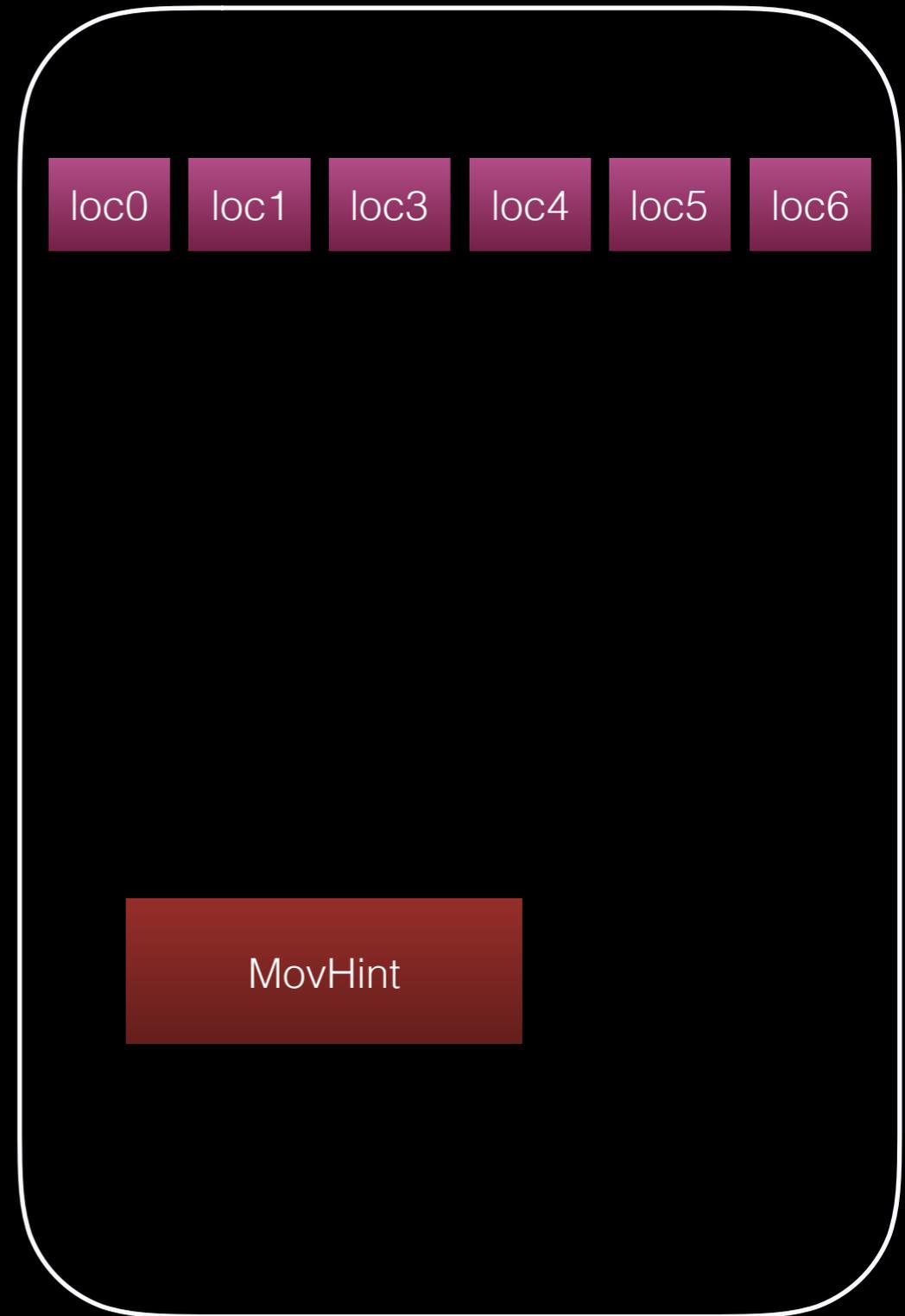
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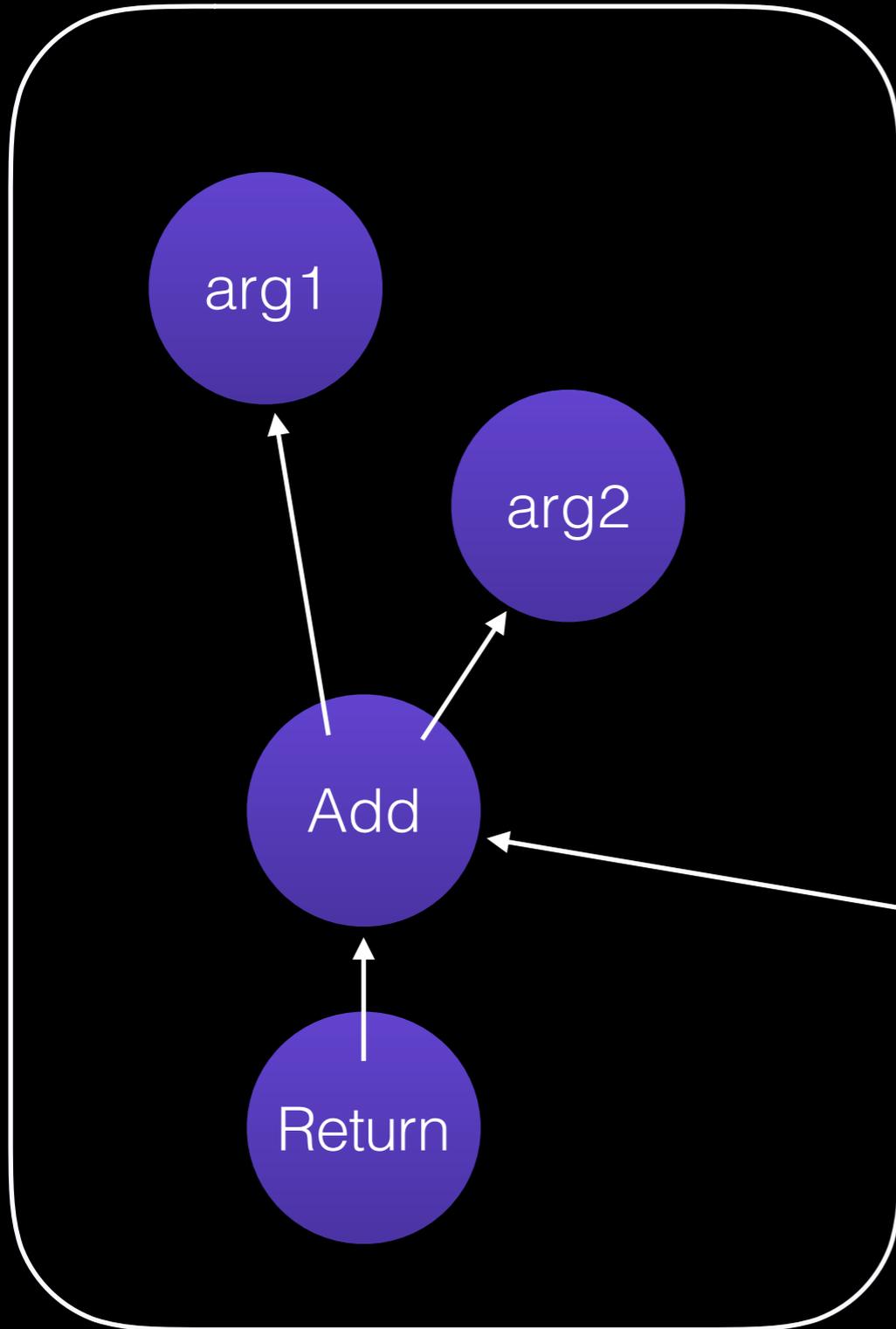
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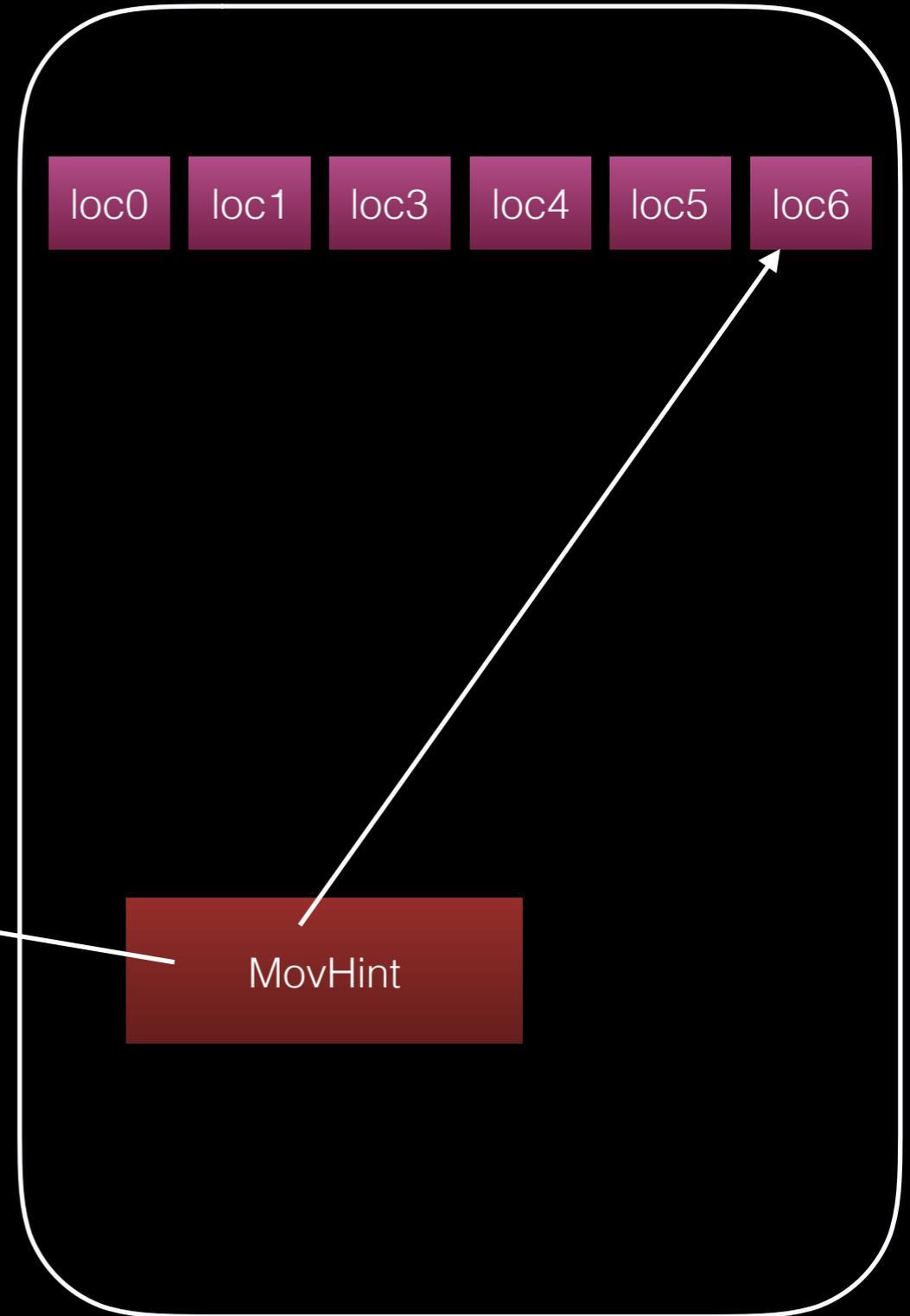
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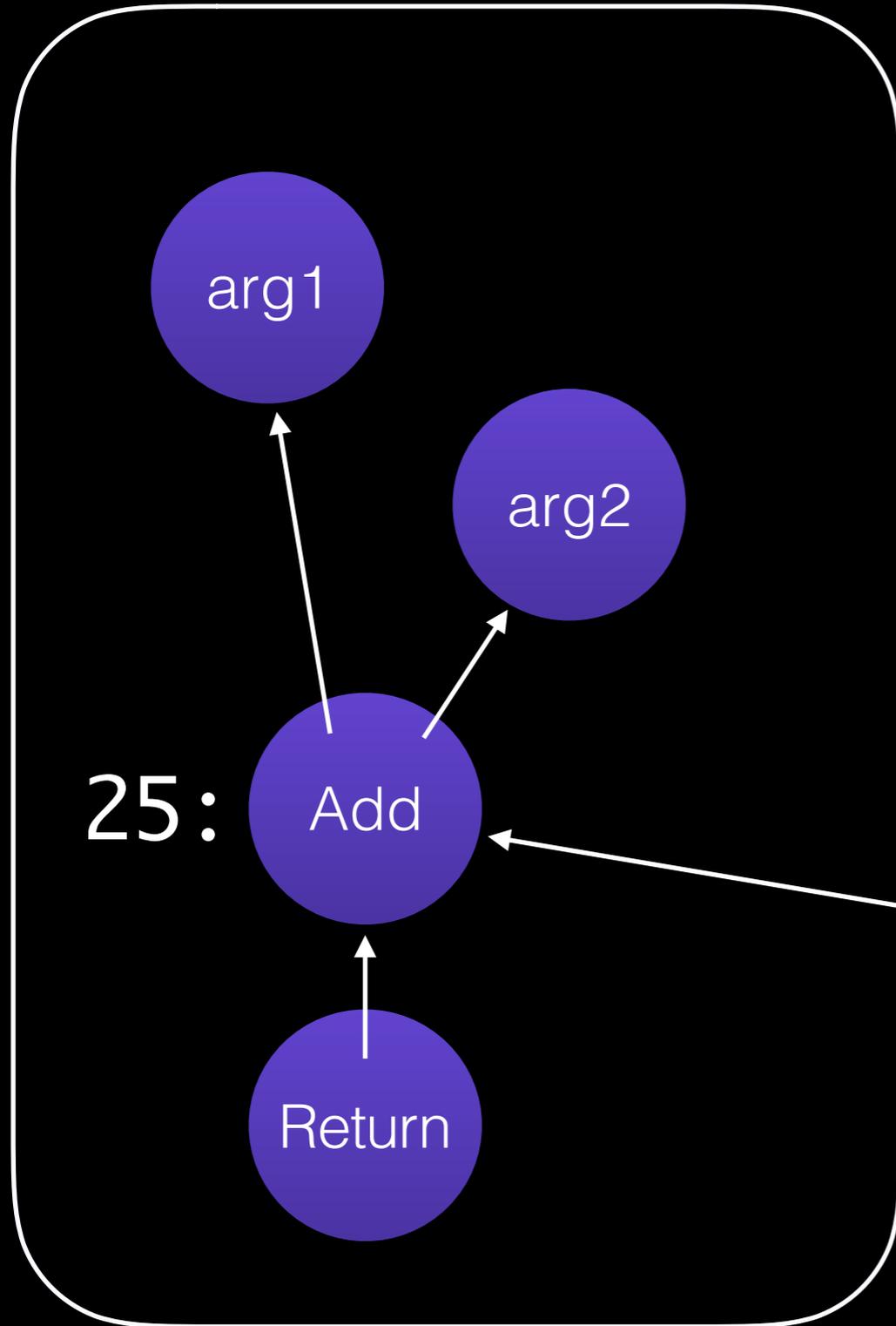
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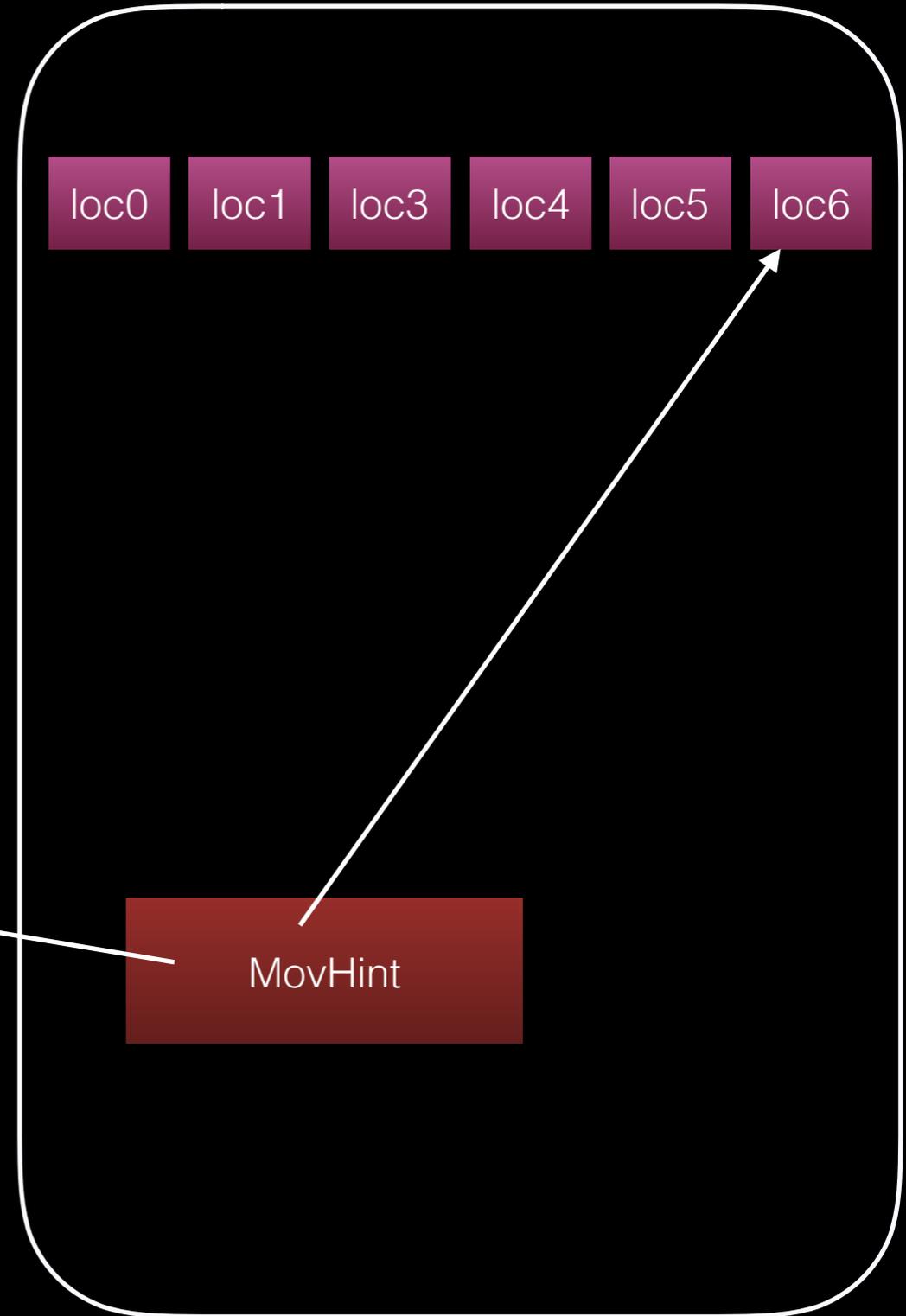
DFG Exit state



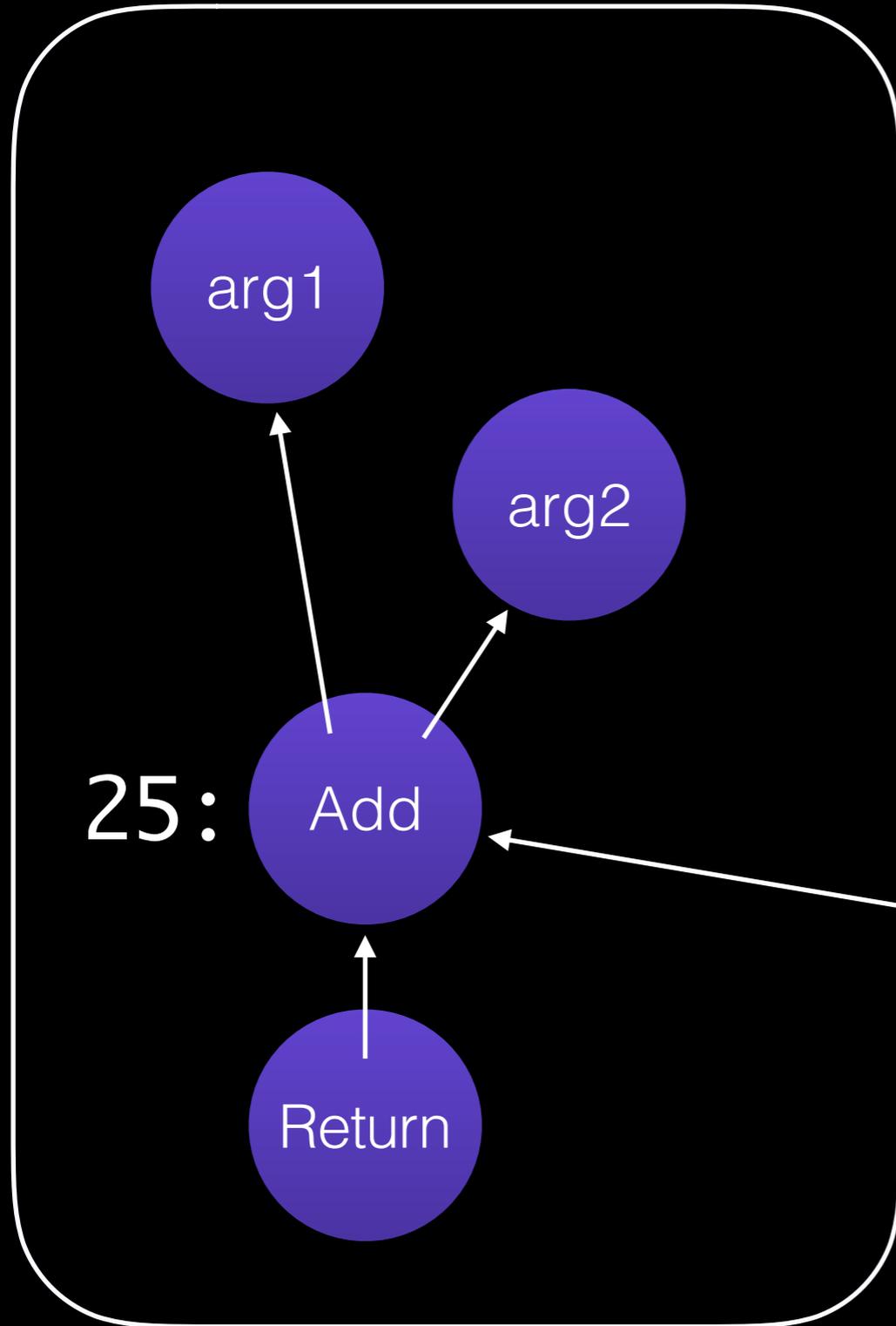
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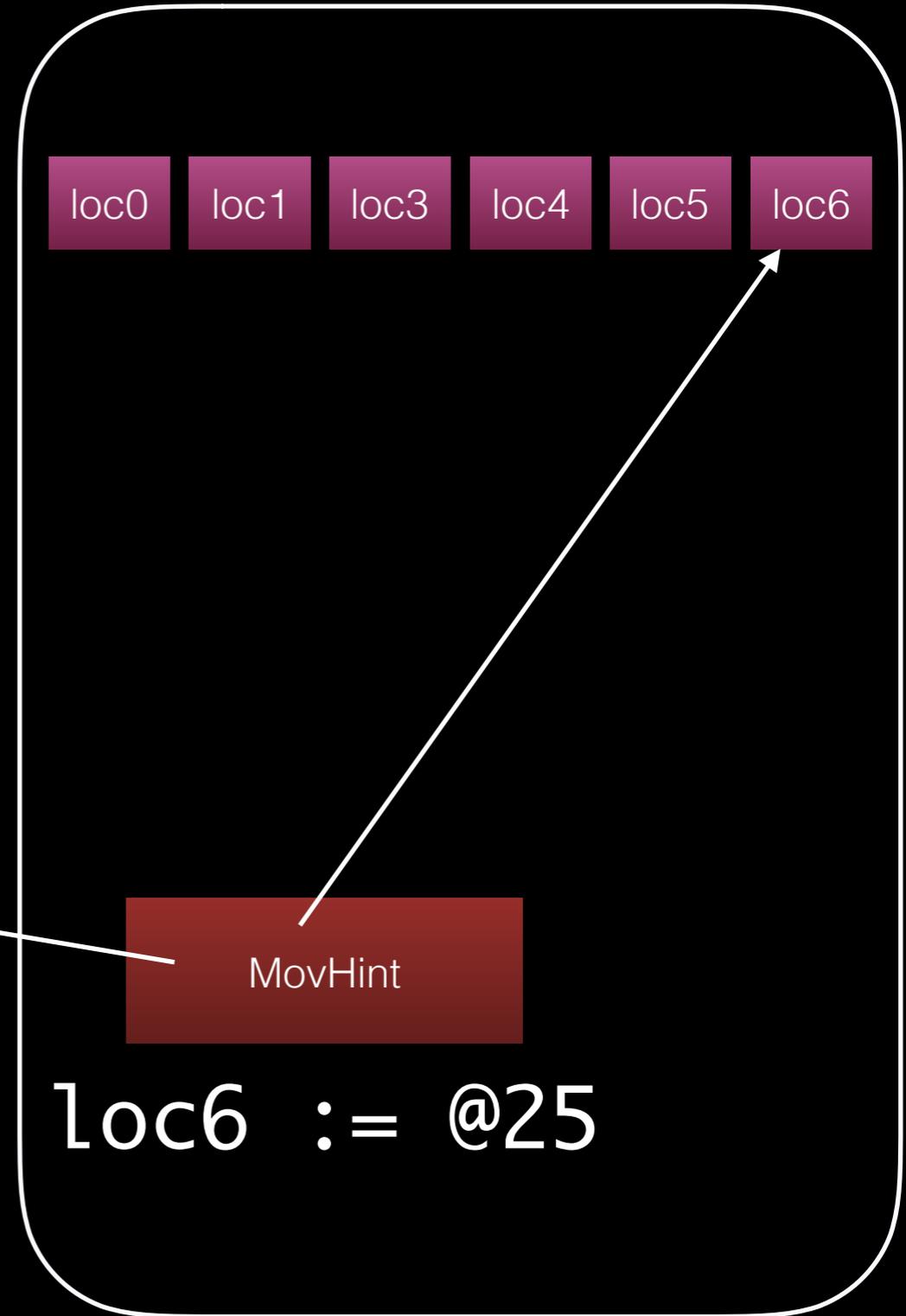
## DFG Exit state



## DFG SSA state



## DFG Exit state



- OSR exit

# Deoptimization

- OSR exit
- Invalidation
- Jettison

```
Int32 @37 = Trunc(@27, DFG:@25)
Int32 @38 = Trunc(@22, DFG:@25)
Int32 @39 = CheckAdd(@37:WarmAny, @38:WarmAny, generator = 0x109ec5b90,
                    earlyClobbered = [], lateClobbered = [], usedRegisters = [],
                    ExitsSideways|Reads:Top, DFG:@25)
Int64 @40 = ZExt32(@39, DFG:@28)
Int64 @41 = Add(@40, $-281474976710656(@13), DFG:@28)
Void @42 = Return(@41, Terminal, DFG:@28)
```

```
Patch &BranchAdd32, Overflow, %tmp4, %tmp5, %tmp3, @39
Move32 %tmp3, %tmp1, @40
Add64 %tmp1, %tmp2, %tmp0, @41
Move %tmp0, %rax, @42
Ret64 %rax, @42
```

```
Patch &BranchAdd32, Overflow, %rcx, %rdx, %rdx, @39  
Add64 %rdx, %rax, %rax, @41  
Ret64 %rax, @42
```

```
add %ecx, %edx  
jo 0x267160c025ed  
add %rdx, %rax
```

# Optimizations

- Generatorification
- Inlining
- Strength Reduction
- CSE (local and global)
- LICM
- Type/Bounds/Overflow Check Removal
- Object Allocation Sinking
- Arguments/Varargs Elimination
- Sparse Conditional Constant Propagation
- Barrier Placement
- Strength Reduction
- Tail Duplication
- Switch Inference
- Float Inference
- DCE
- Register Allocation
  - Linear Scan
  - Briggs
  - Iterated Register Coalescing
- Stack Allocation

# Interpreters and JITs

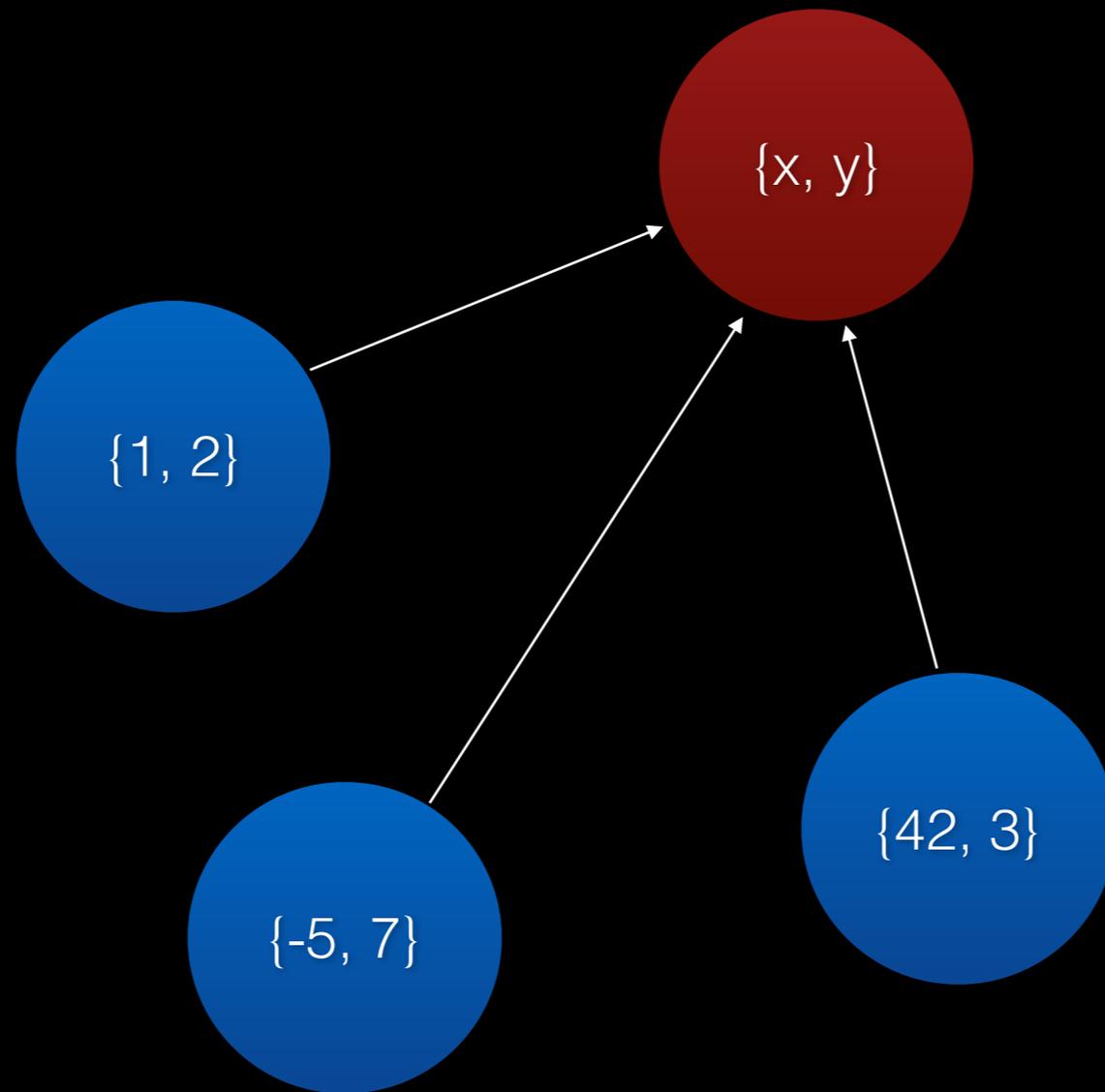
- Optimized for breadth
  - Four tiers
  - Many optimizations in many IRs
- Speculative

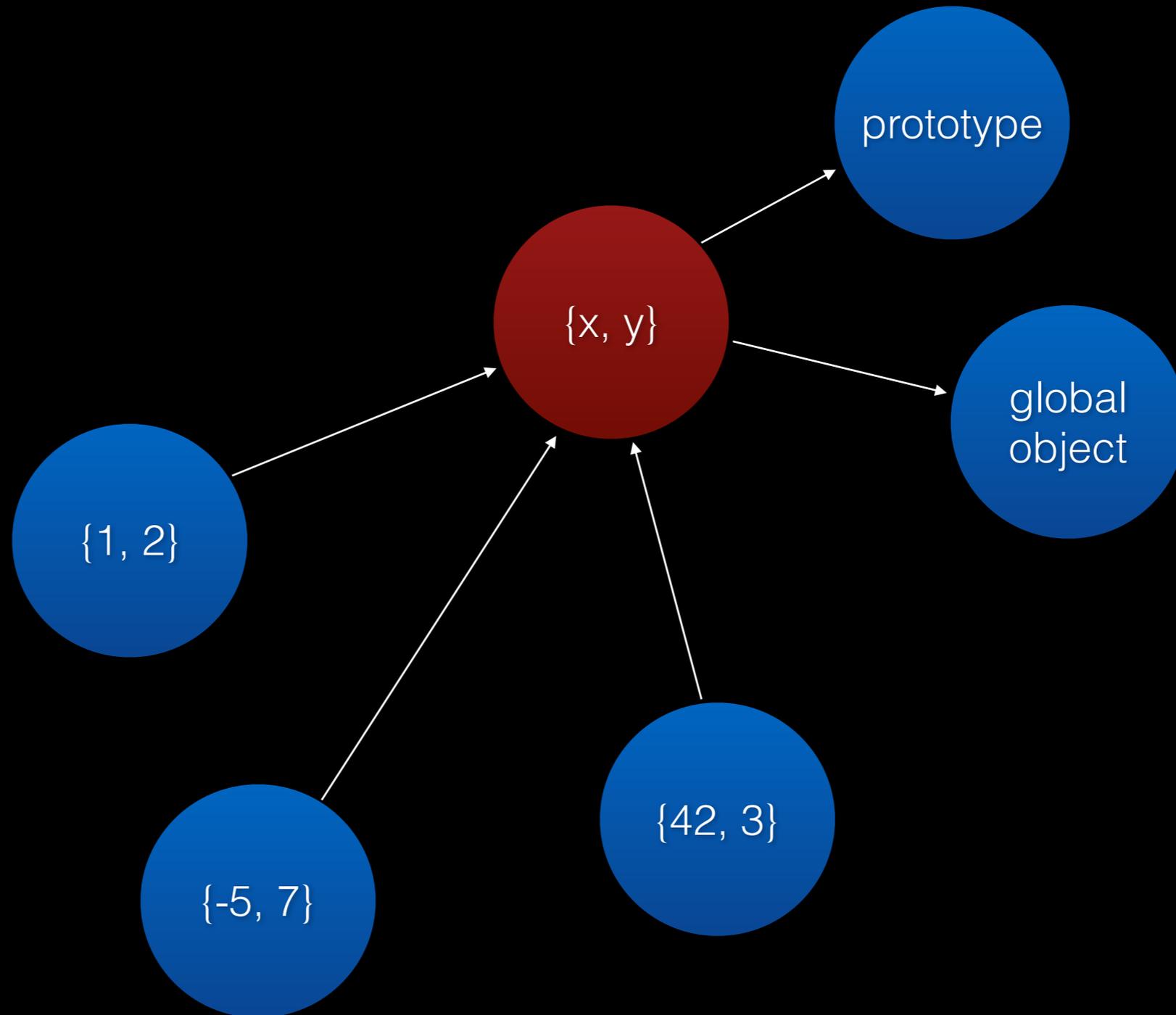
# Object Model

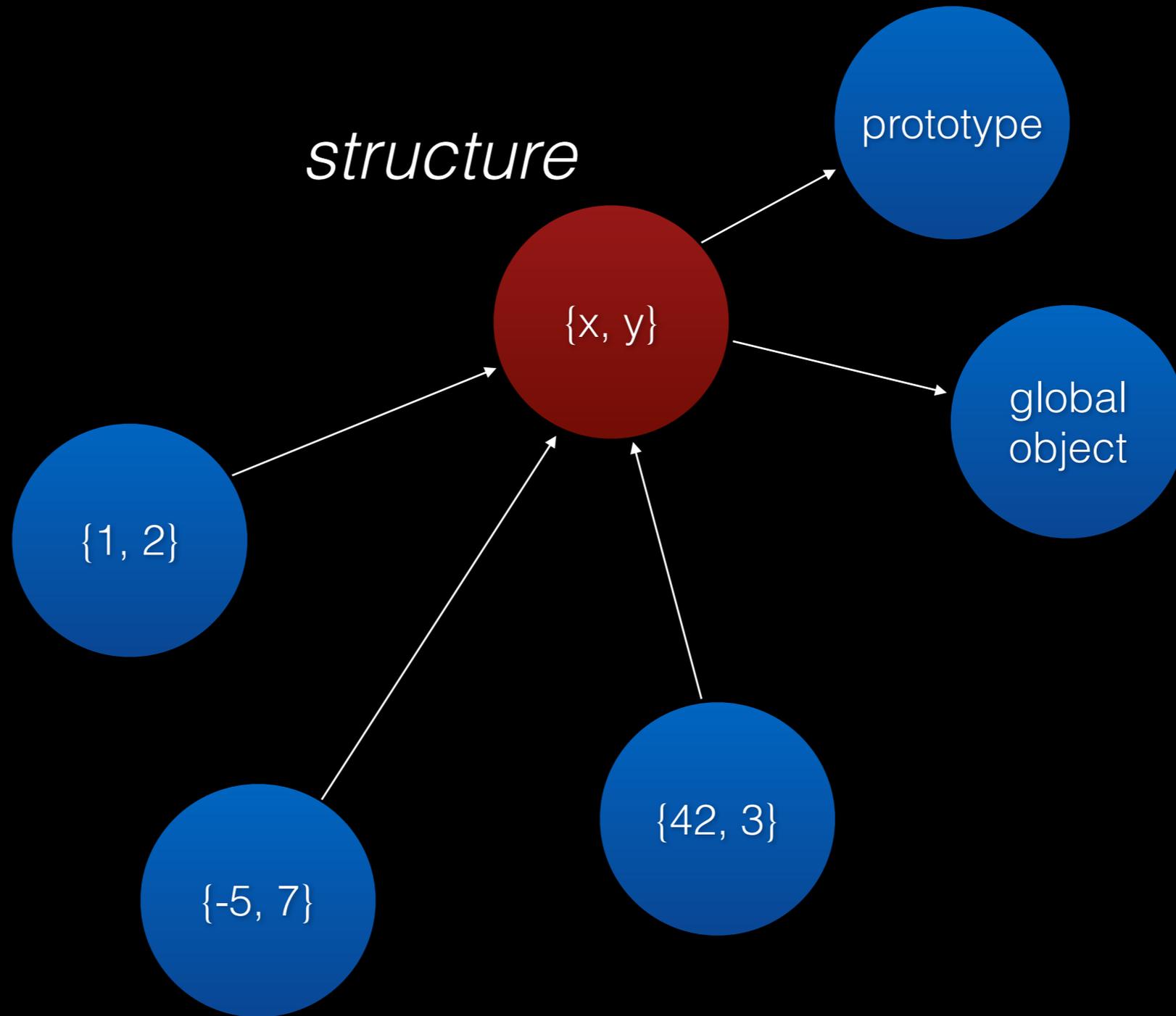
{x: 1, y: 2}

{x: -5, y: 7}

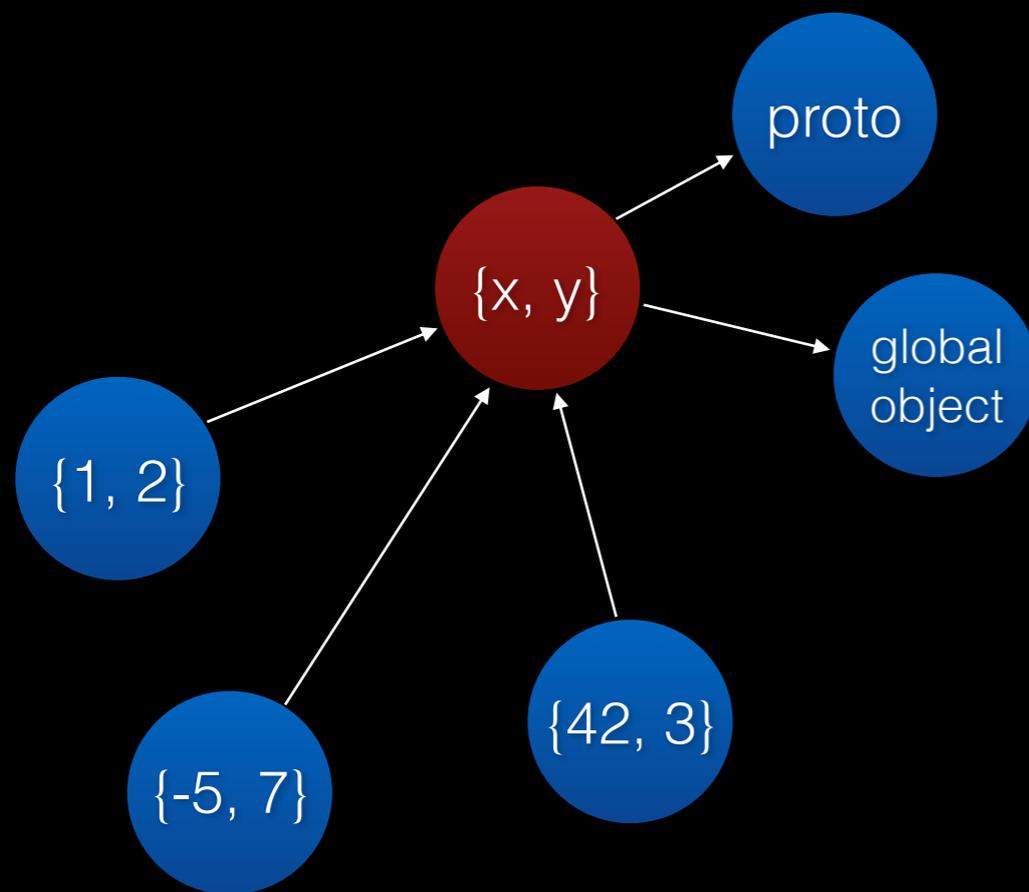
{x: 42, y: 3}



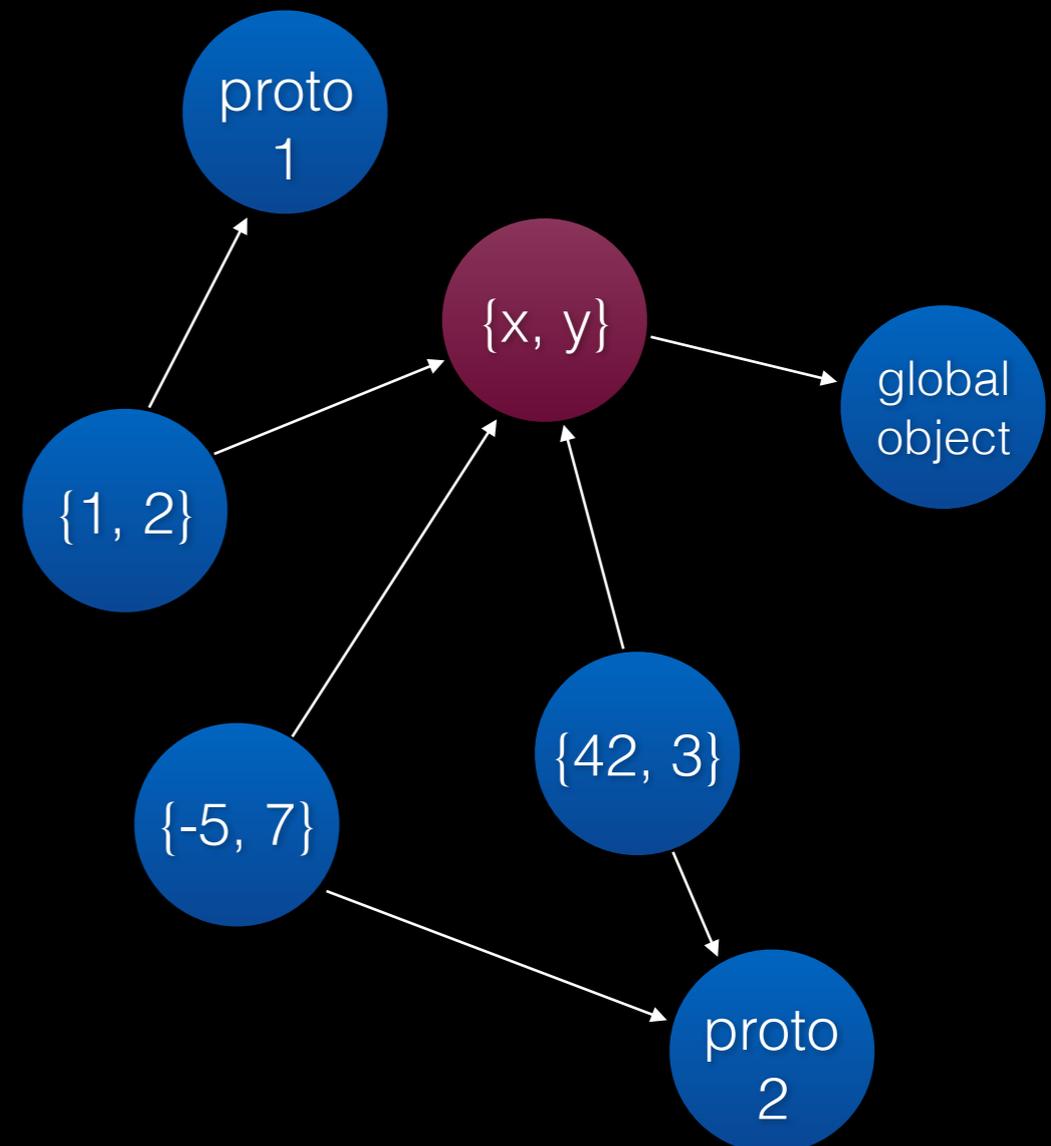




# Mono Proto



# Poly Proto

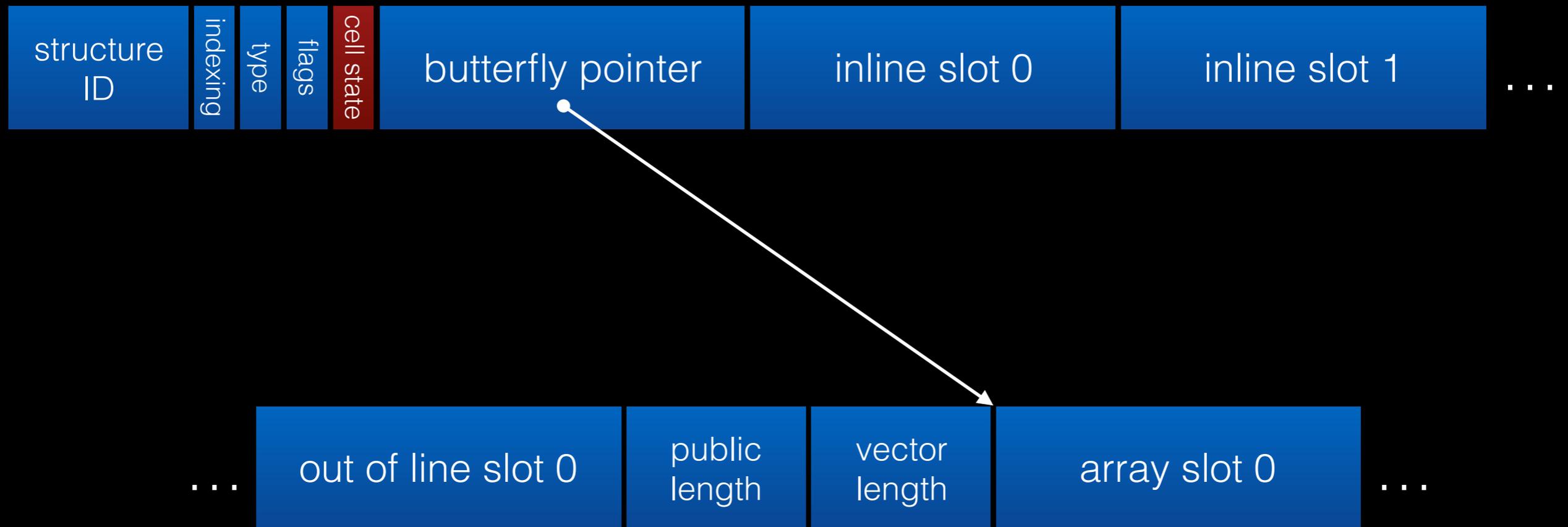


*poly proto just landed last Thursday  
@saambarati and I have been working on it for ~2 months*

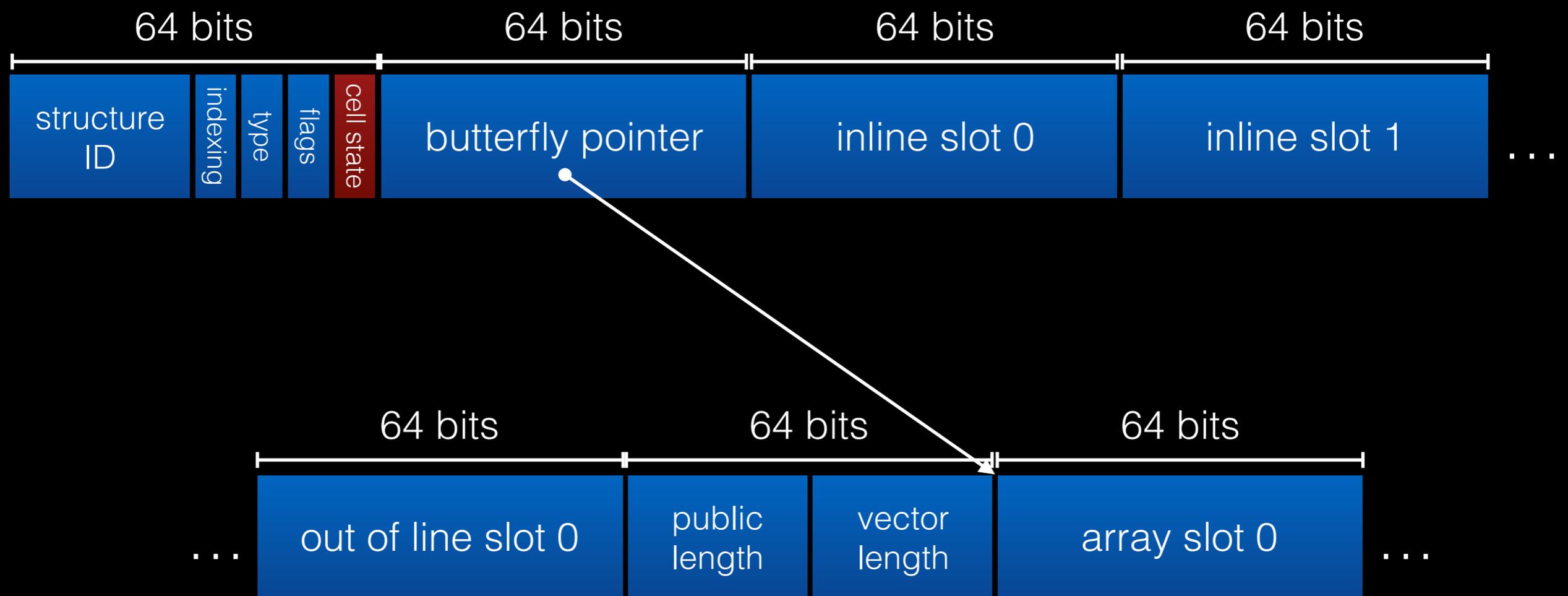
# Structures

- Fast property access
- Property type inference
- Immutable property inference
- Prototype optimizations

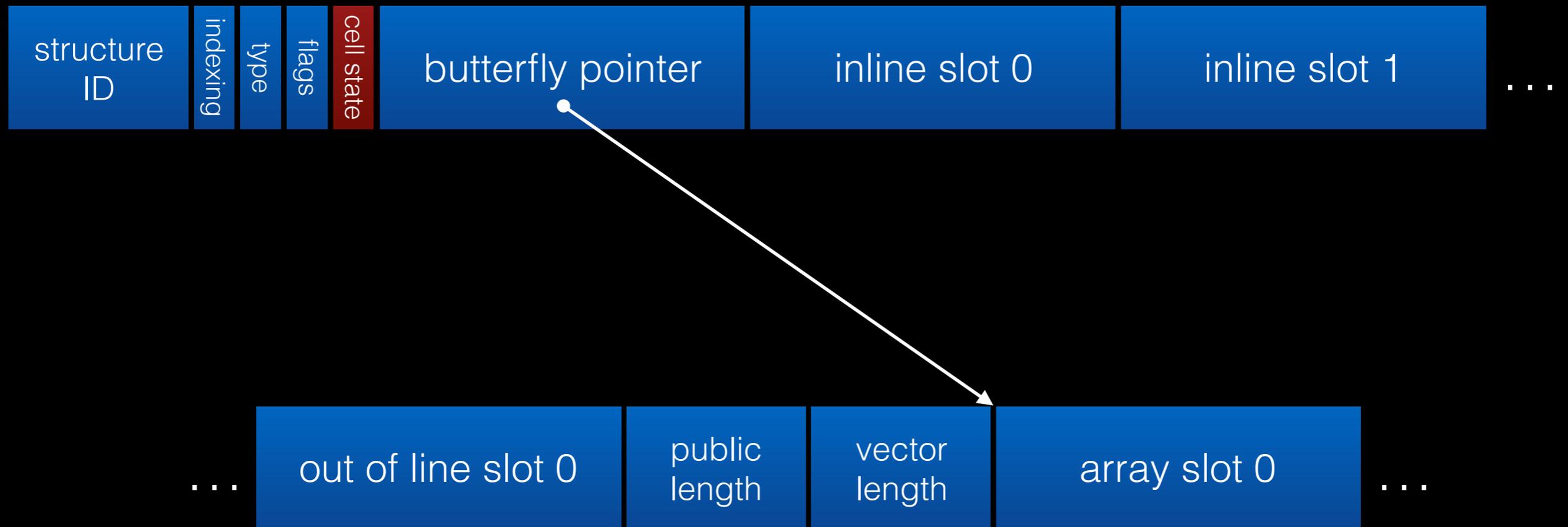
# JSC Object Model



# JSC Object Model

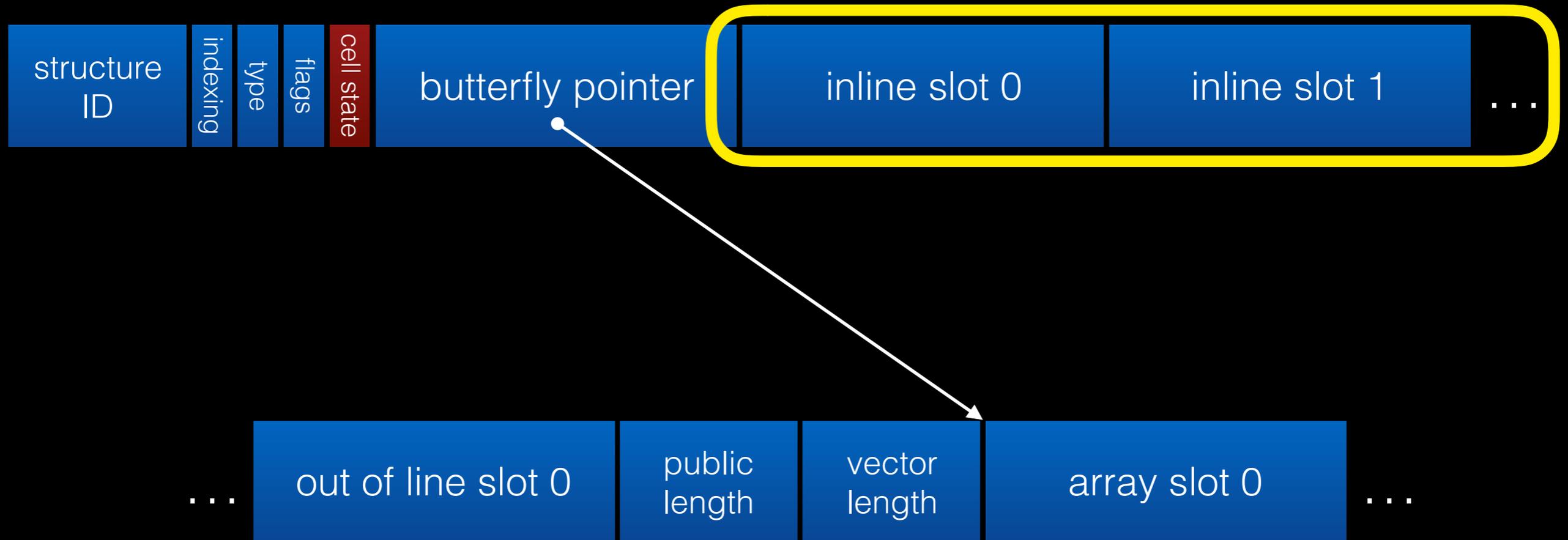


# JSC Object Model



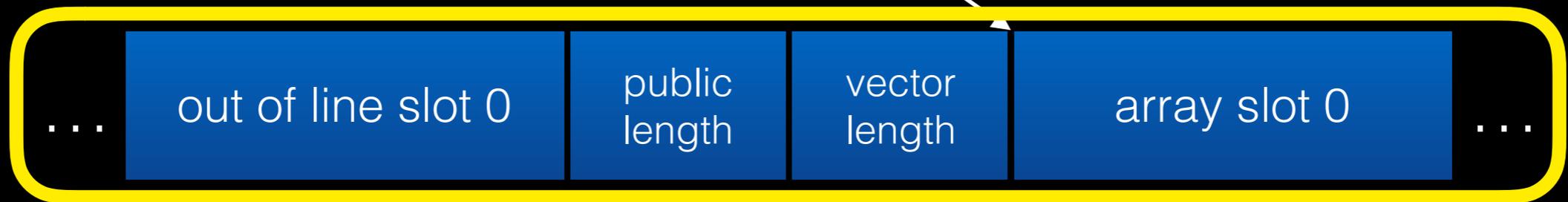
# JSC Object Model

*statically configurable*



# JSC Object Model

*statically configurable*



*dynamically configurable*

# Empty JSObject

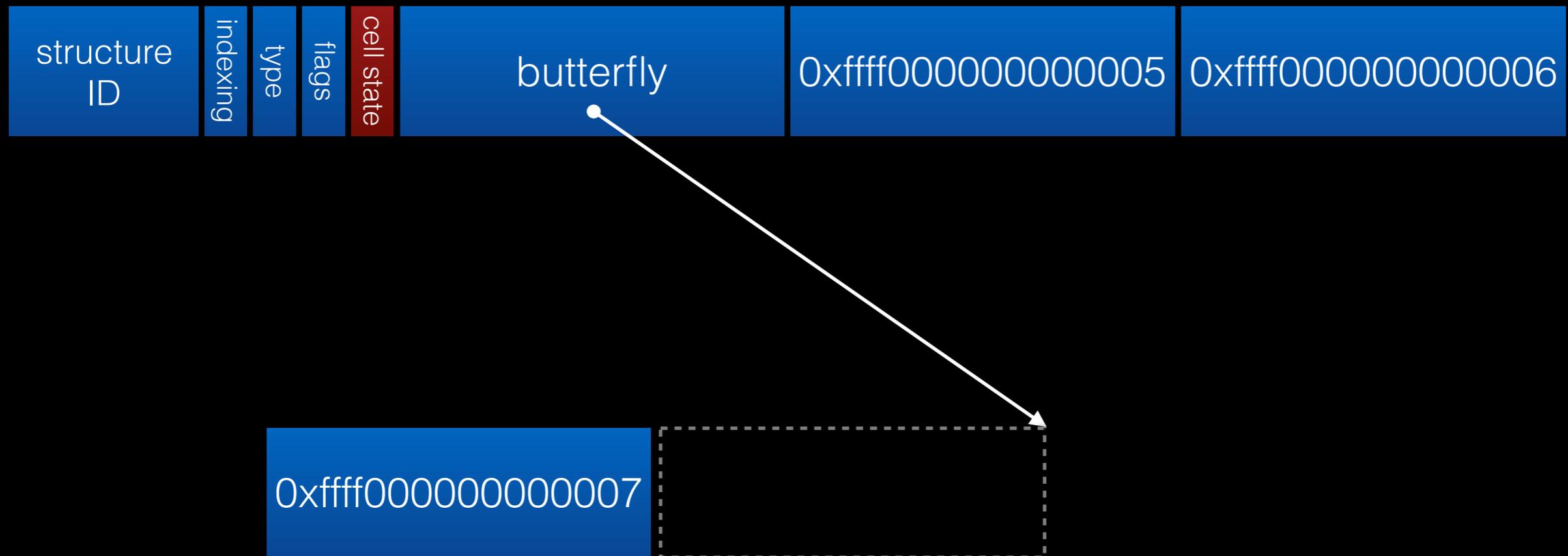


# Fast JSObject



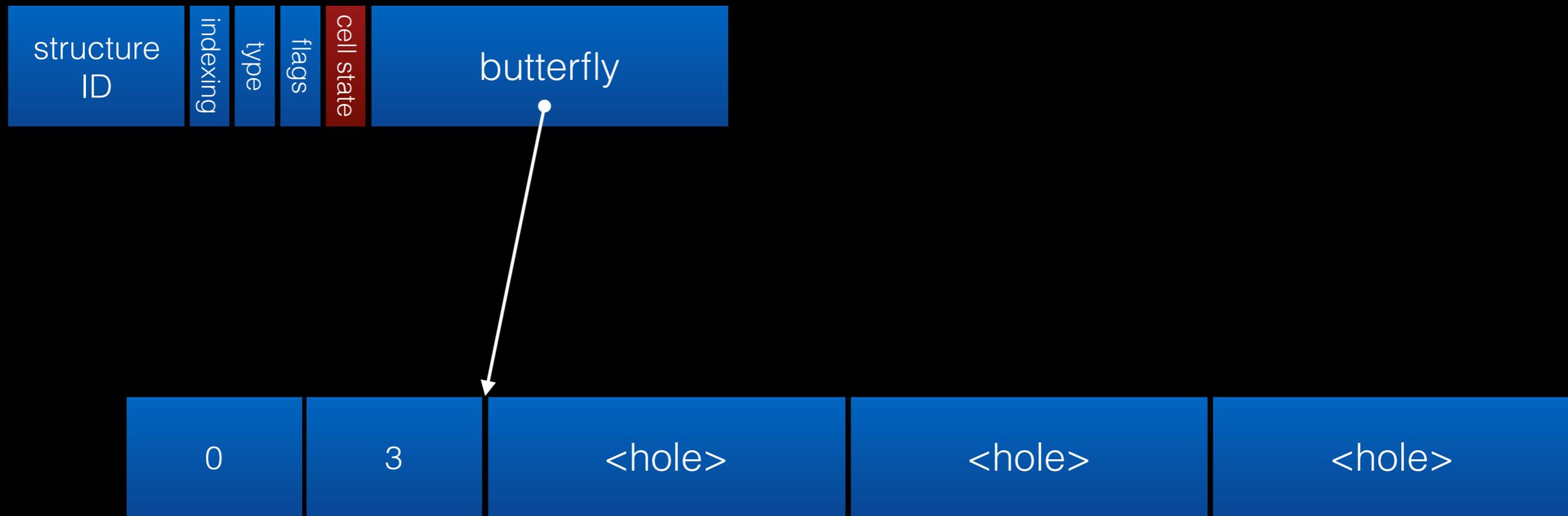
```
var o = {f: 5, g: 6};
```

# JSObject with dynamically added fields



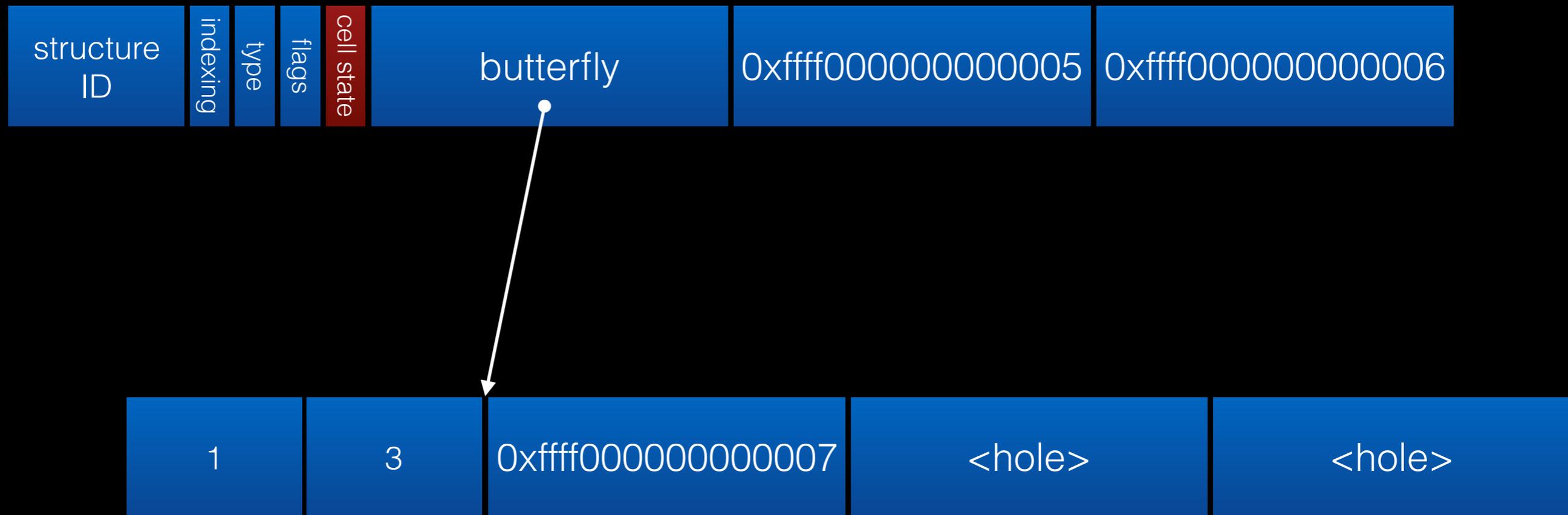
```
var o = {f: 5, g: 6};  
o.h = 7;
```

# JSArray with room for 3 array elements



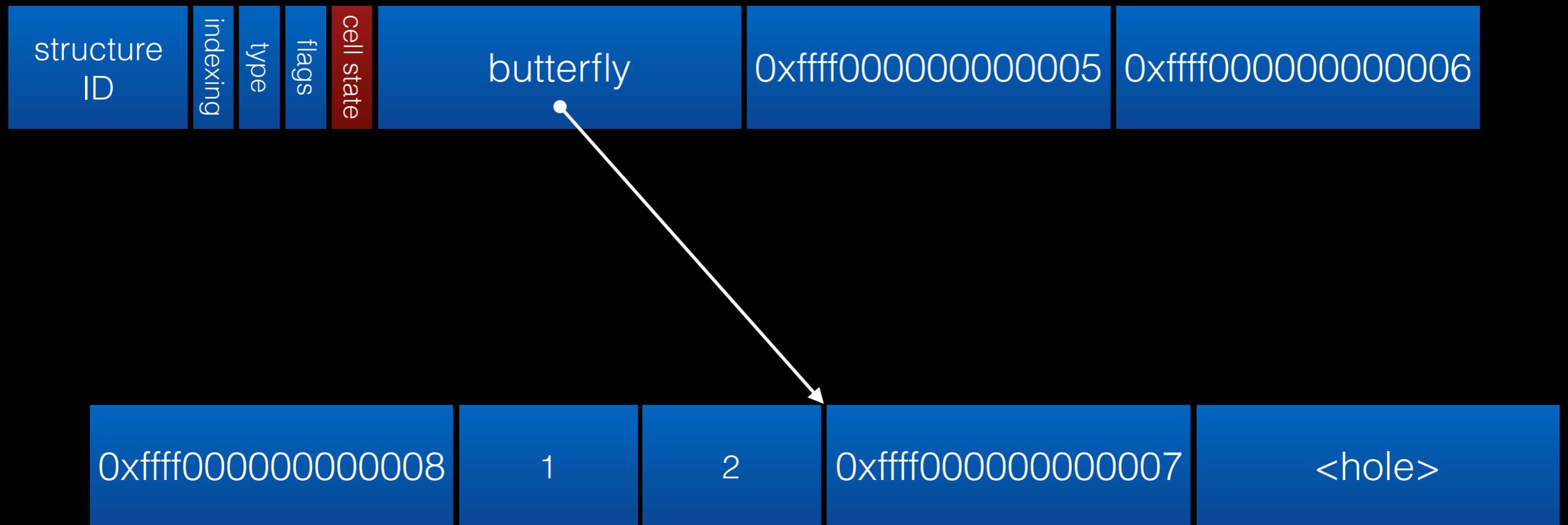
```
var a = [];
```

# Object with fast properties and array elements



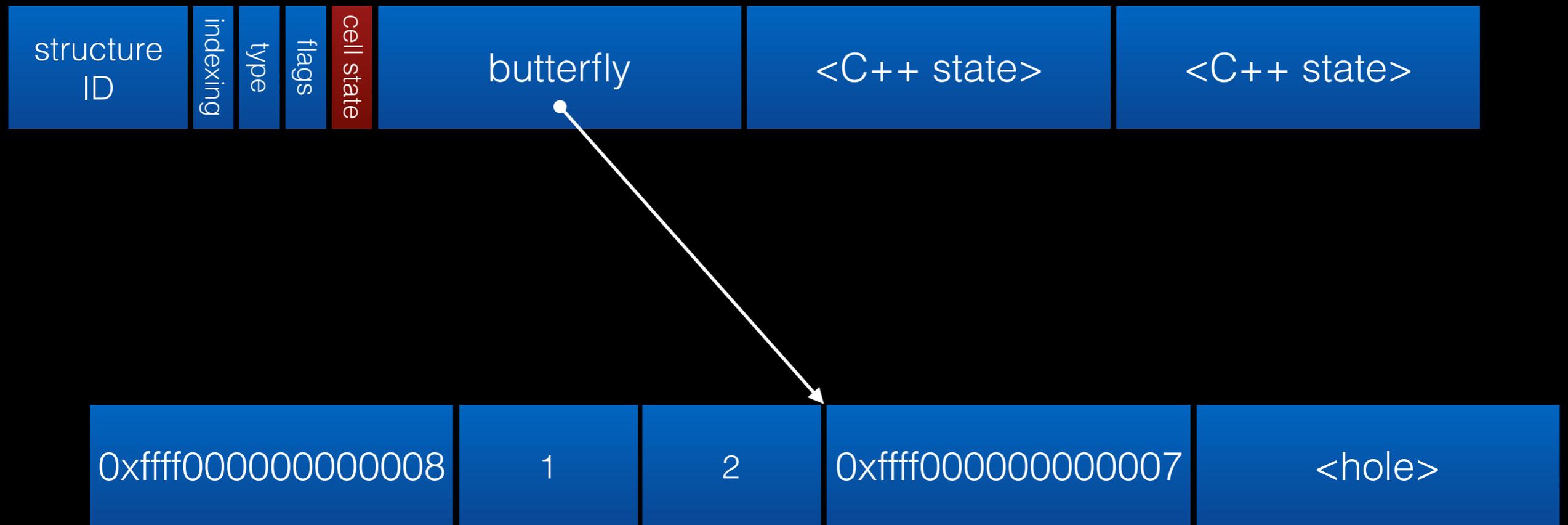
```
var o = {f: 5, g: 6};  
o[0] = 7;
```

# Object with fast and dynamic properties and array elements



```
var o = {f: 5, g: 6};  
o[0] = 7;  
o.h = 8;
```

# Exotic object with dynamic properties and array elements



```
var o = new Date();  
o[0] = 7;  
o.h = 8;
```

# Object Model

- Structures
- Cells
- Butterflies

# Type Inference

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- Watchpoints
- Value Profiles
- Polymorphic Inline Caches

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- Watchpoints
- Value Profiles
- Polymorphic Inline Caches

# Watchpoints

# Watchpoint

```
class Watchpoint {  
public:  
    virtual void fire() = 0;  
};
```

numberToStringWatchpoint

# numberToStringWatchpoint

1. Compiler wants to optimize `42.toString()` to “42”
2. Check if already invalidated
  - If invalid, don't do the optimization.
  - If valid, register watchpoint and do the optimization.

# Many watchpoints

- haveABadTime
- Structure transition
- InferredValue
- InferredType
- *many others*

# Garbage Collector

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- No copying
- Conservative on the stack

# Garbage Collector

- Constraint-based
- Generational
- Concurrent
- Parallel

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# Constraint-Based Marking

- Transitive reachability is not always enough
- Common examples:
  - Soft references
  - Weak map

# Constraint-Based Marking

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- WebKit examples:
  - Type inference
  - Weak map
  - DOM
  - Native code

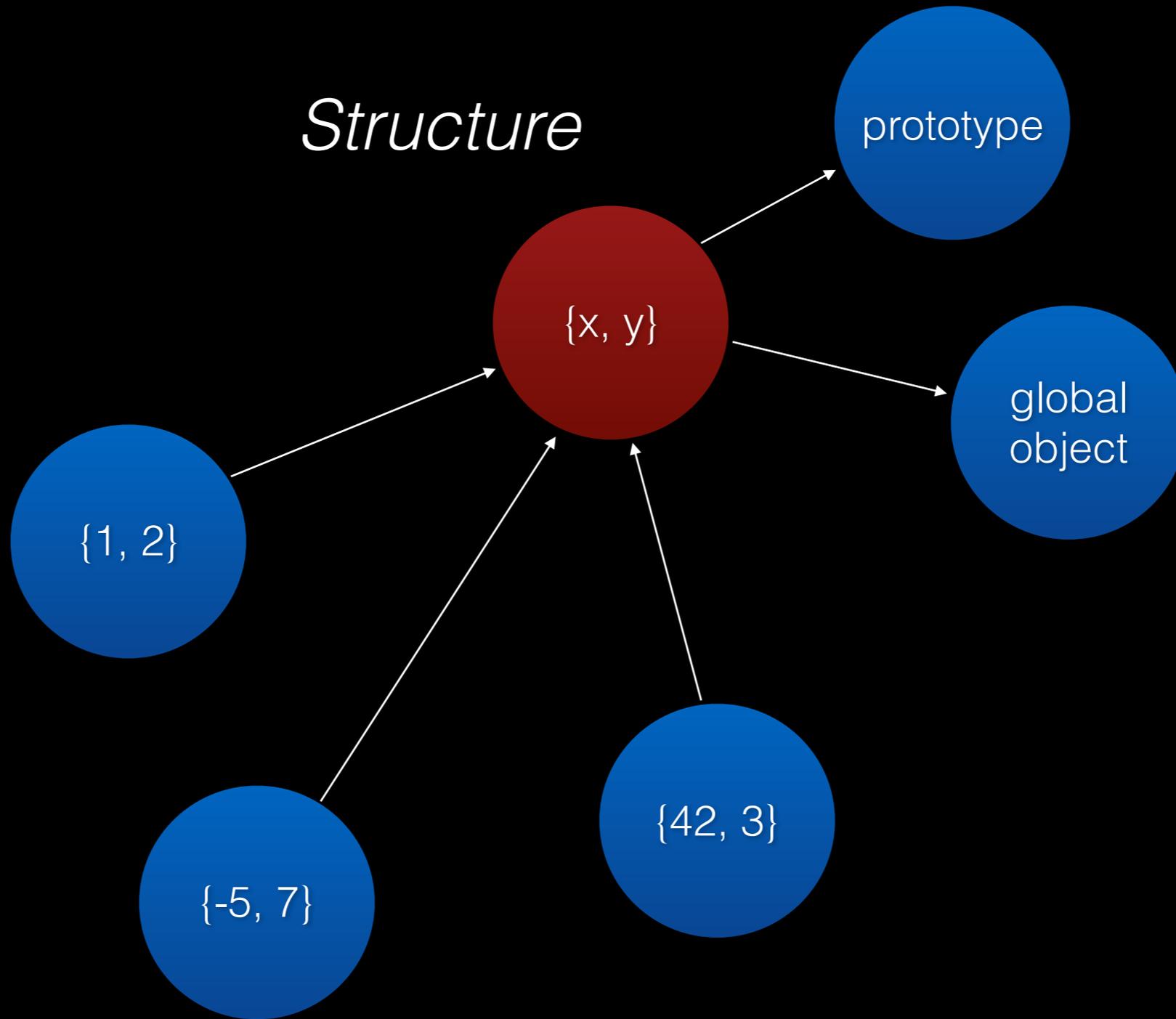
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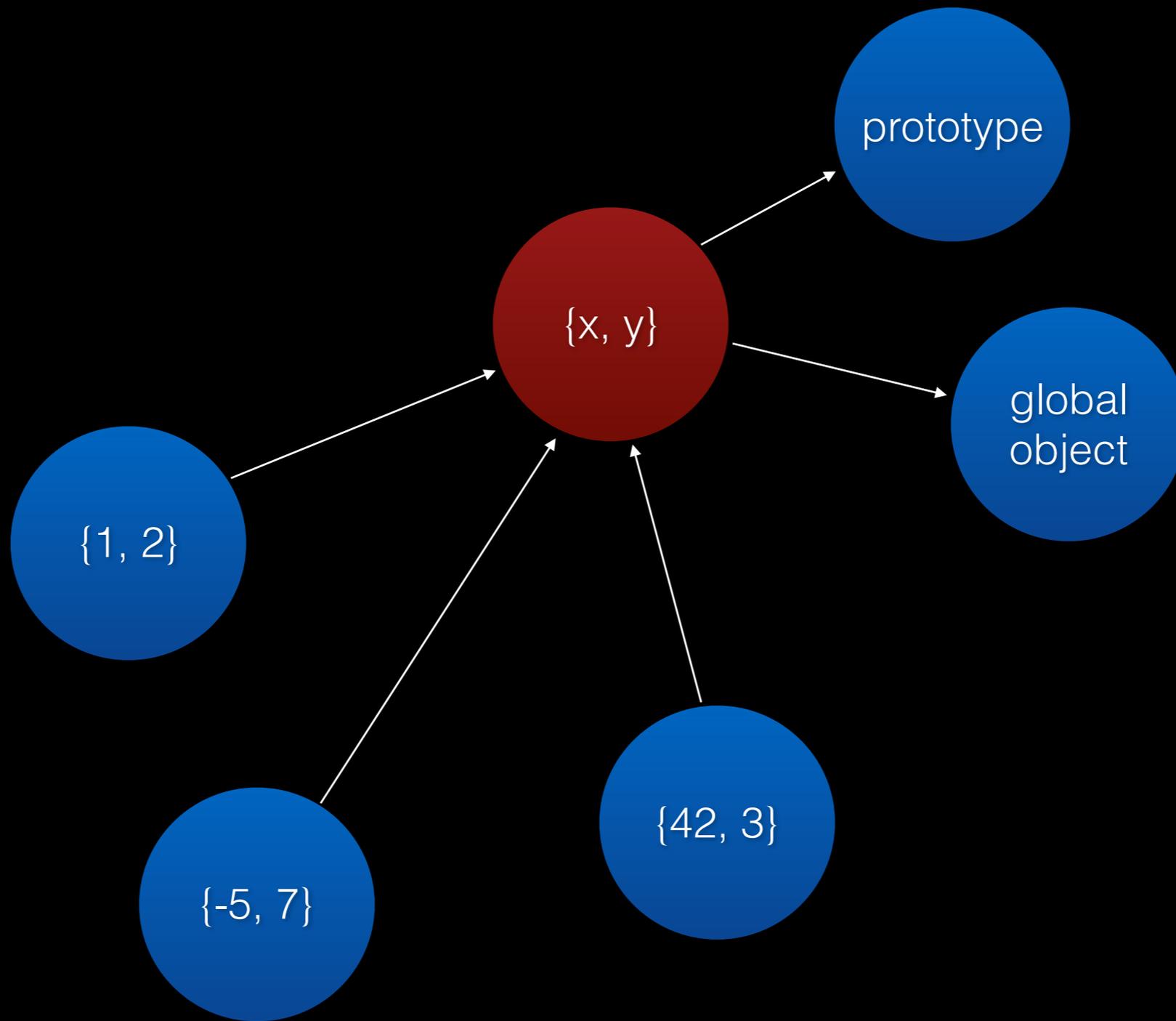
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    - DOM
    - Native code

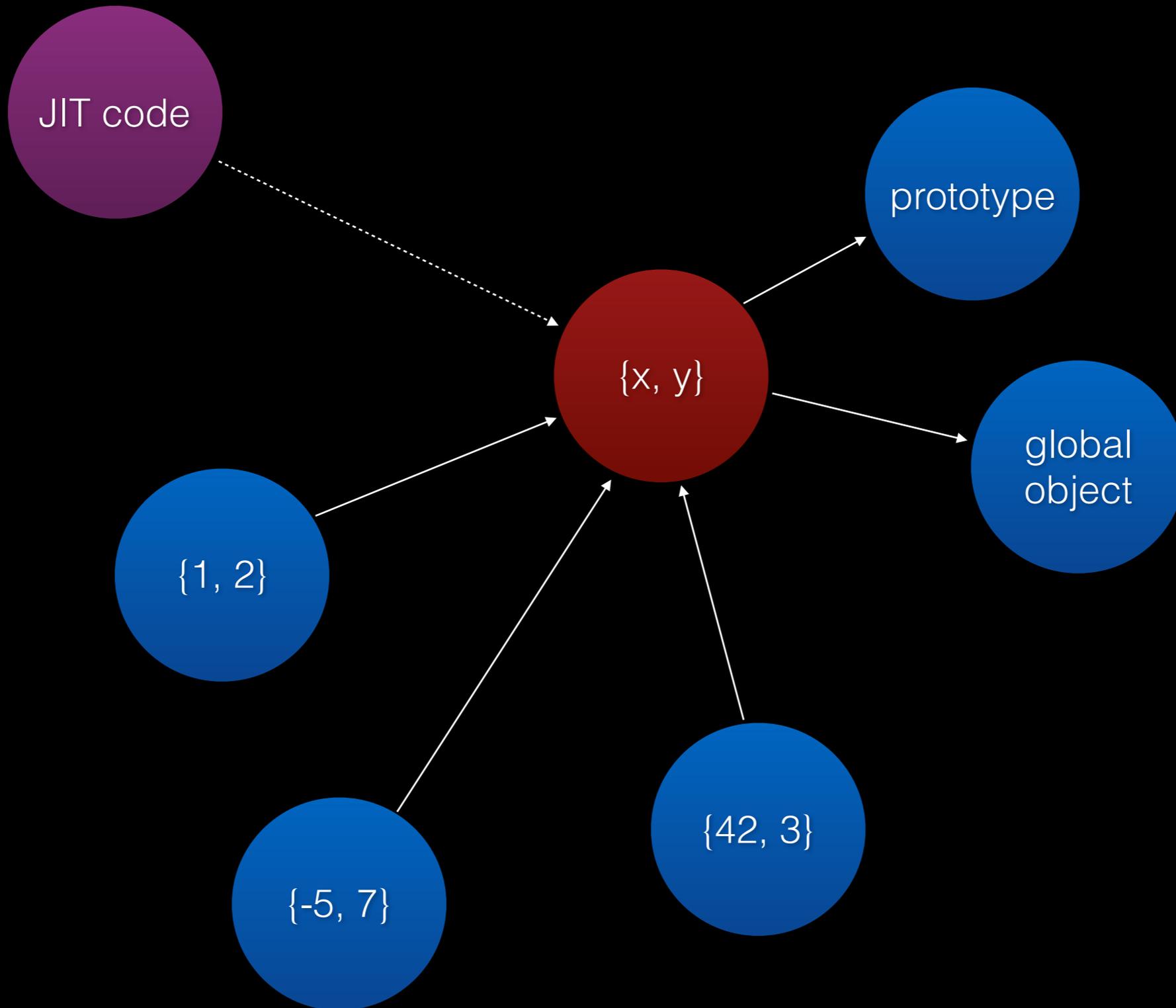
# Type Inference

*Structure*

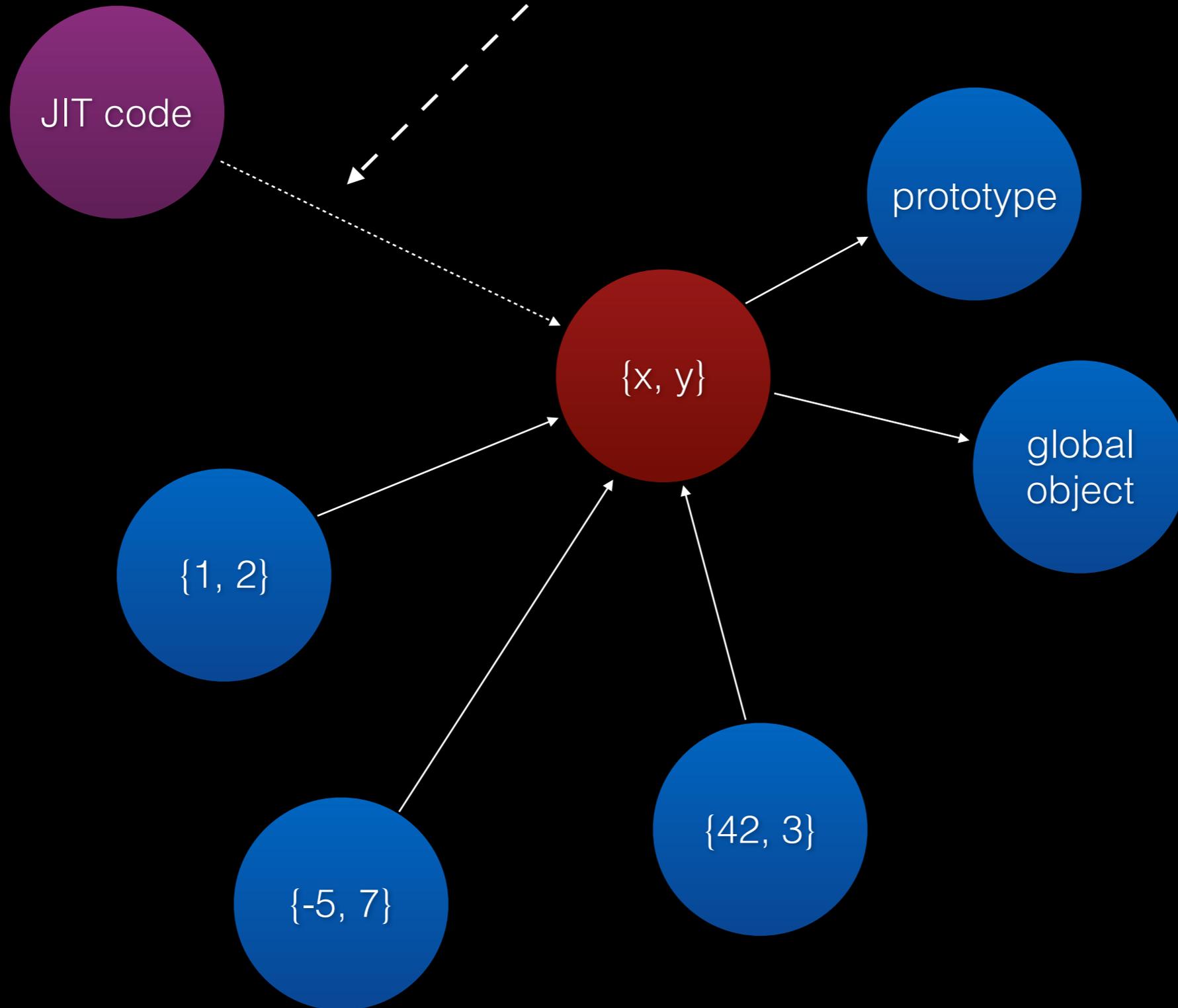
Objects







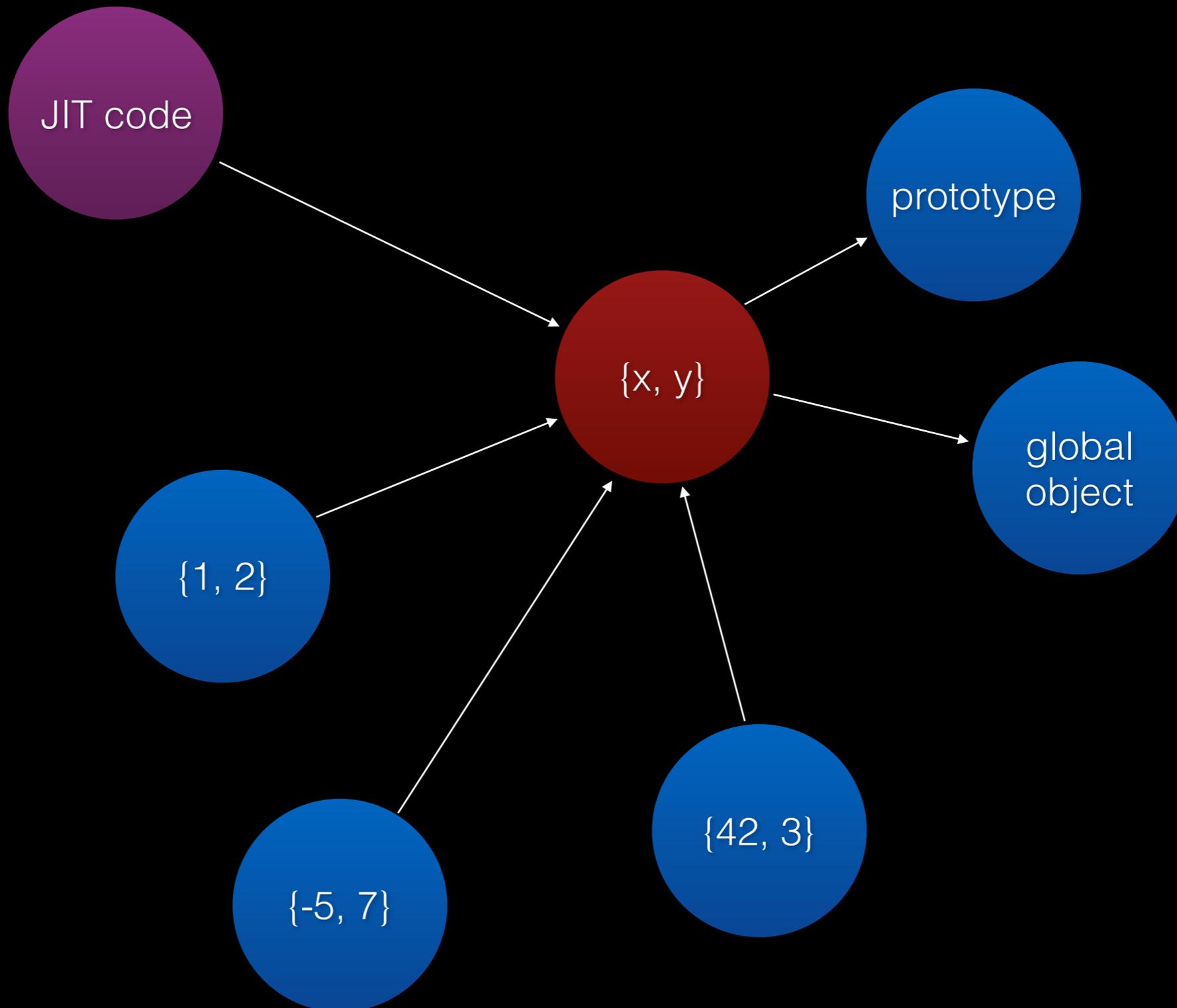
*Is this a weak reference?*



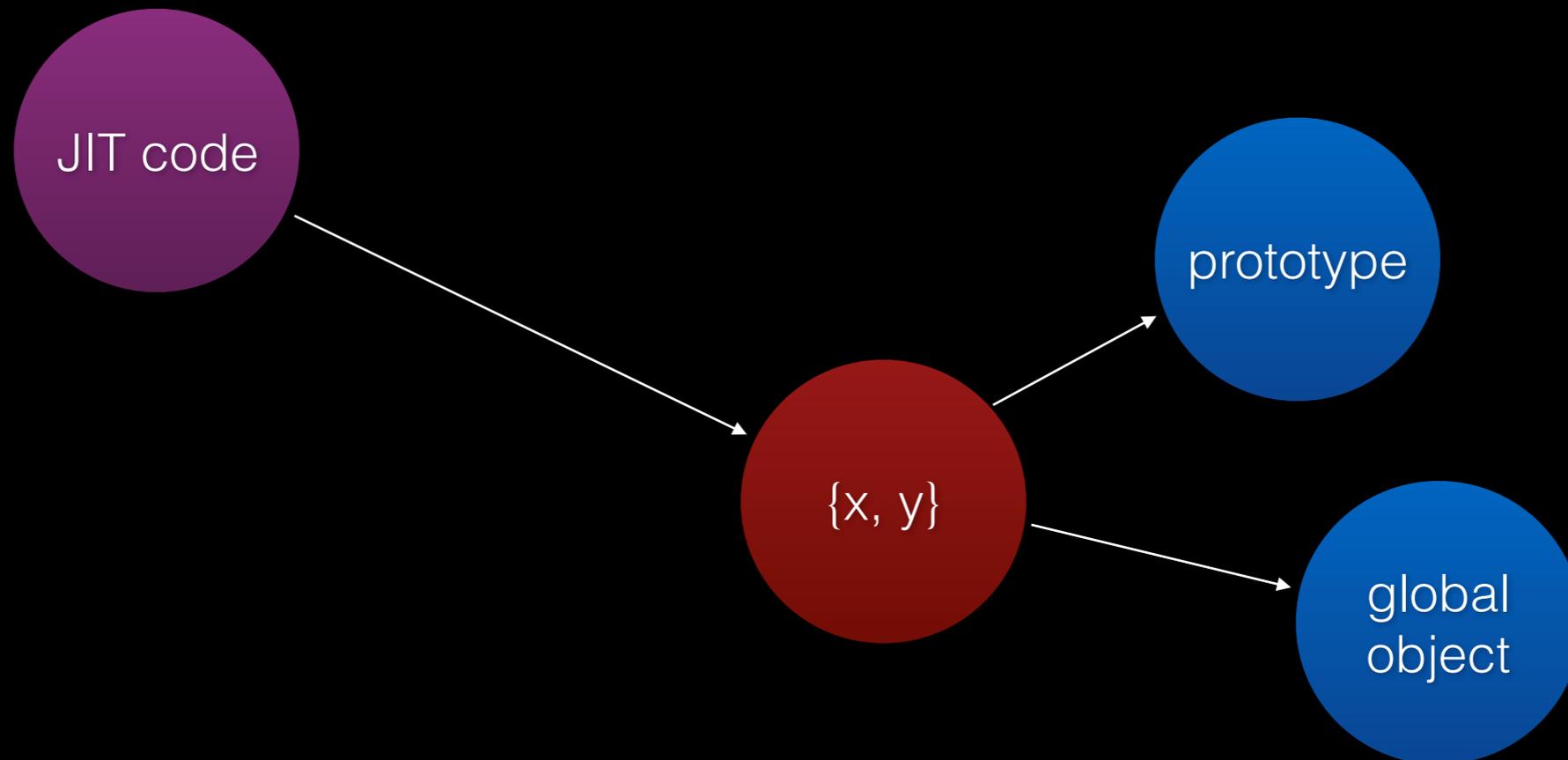
# JIT code references a structure

- Strong reference?
- Weak reference?
- Marking constraint?

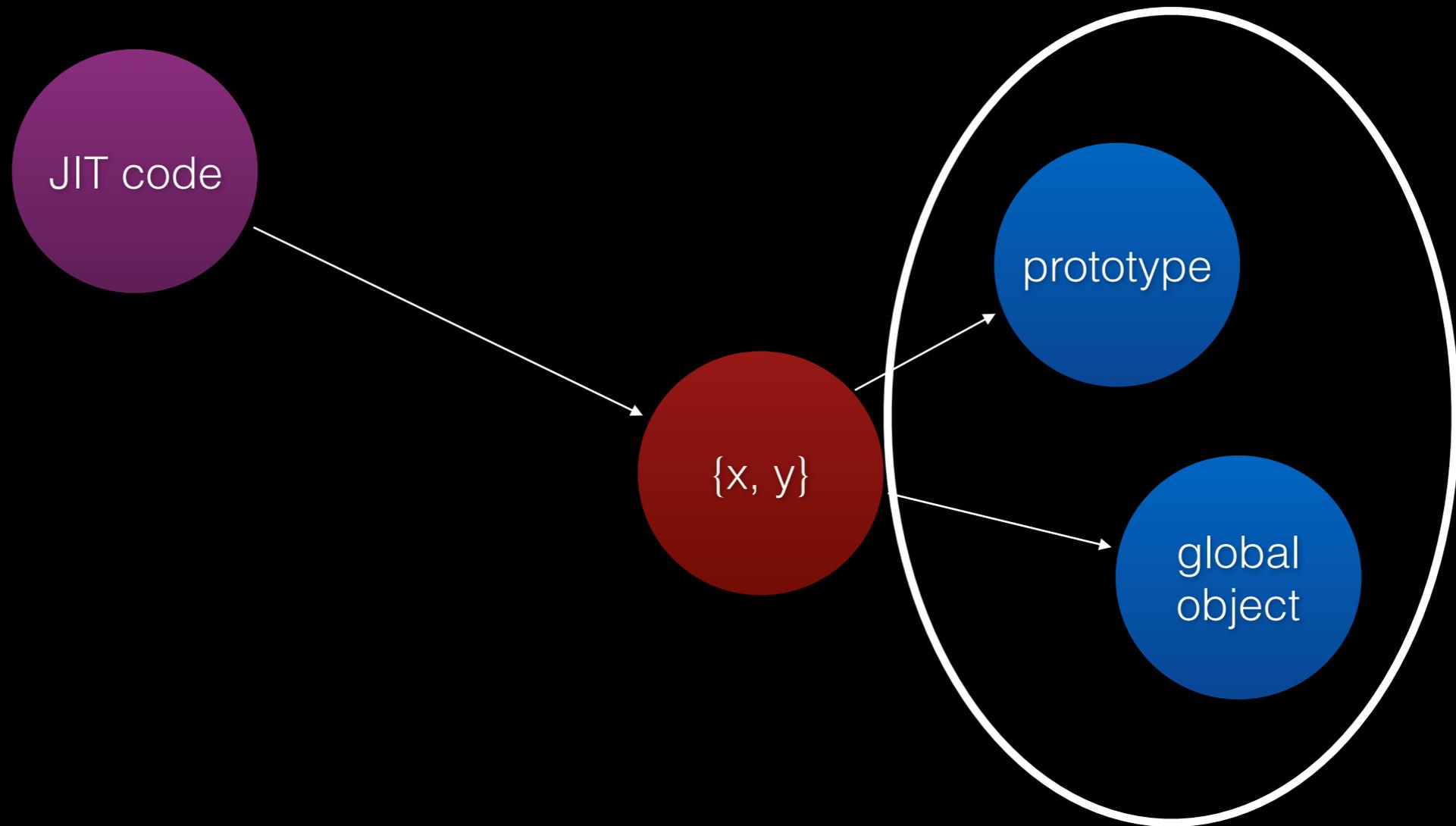
# Strong reference?



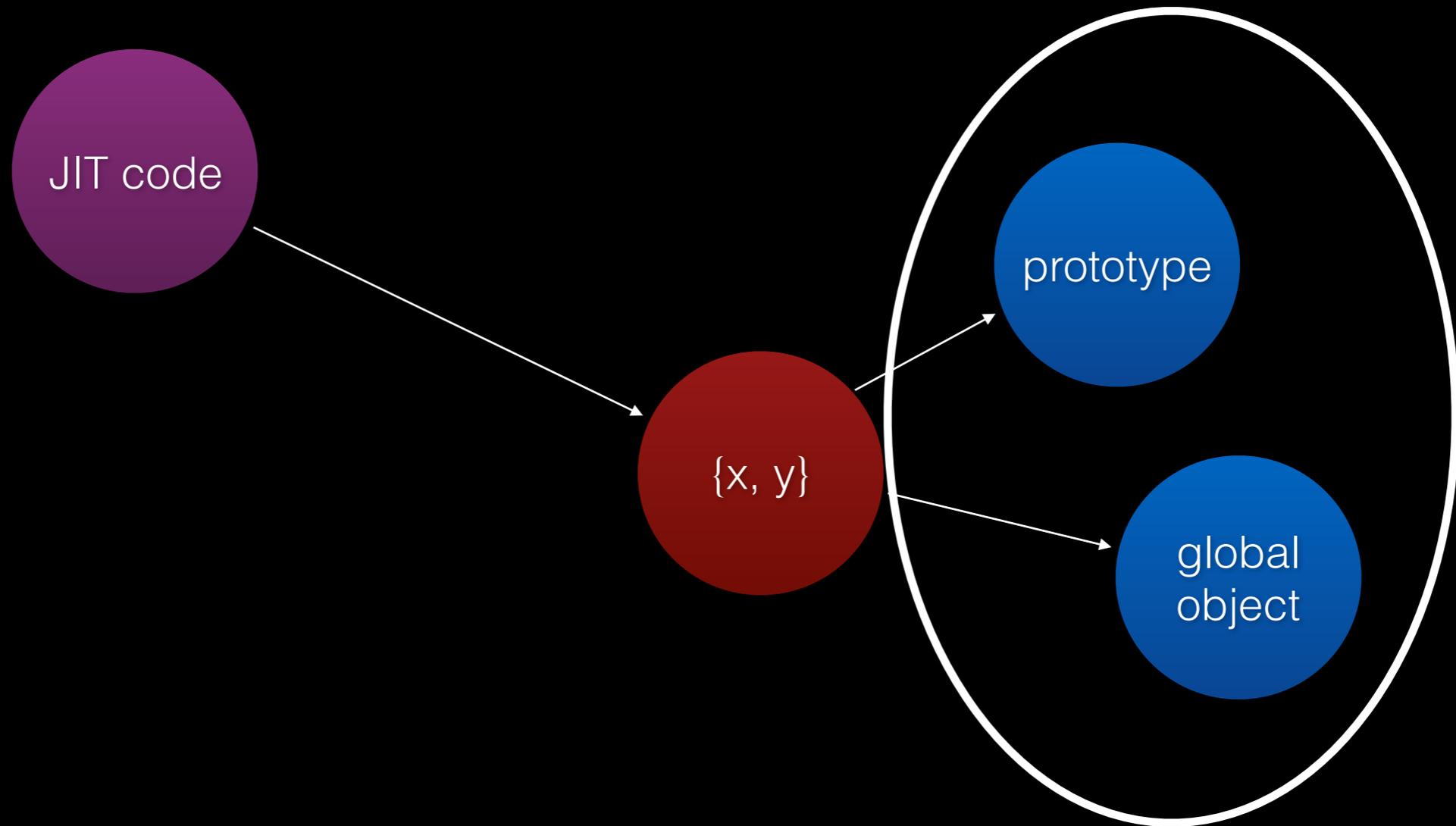
# Strong reference?



# Strong reference?

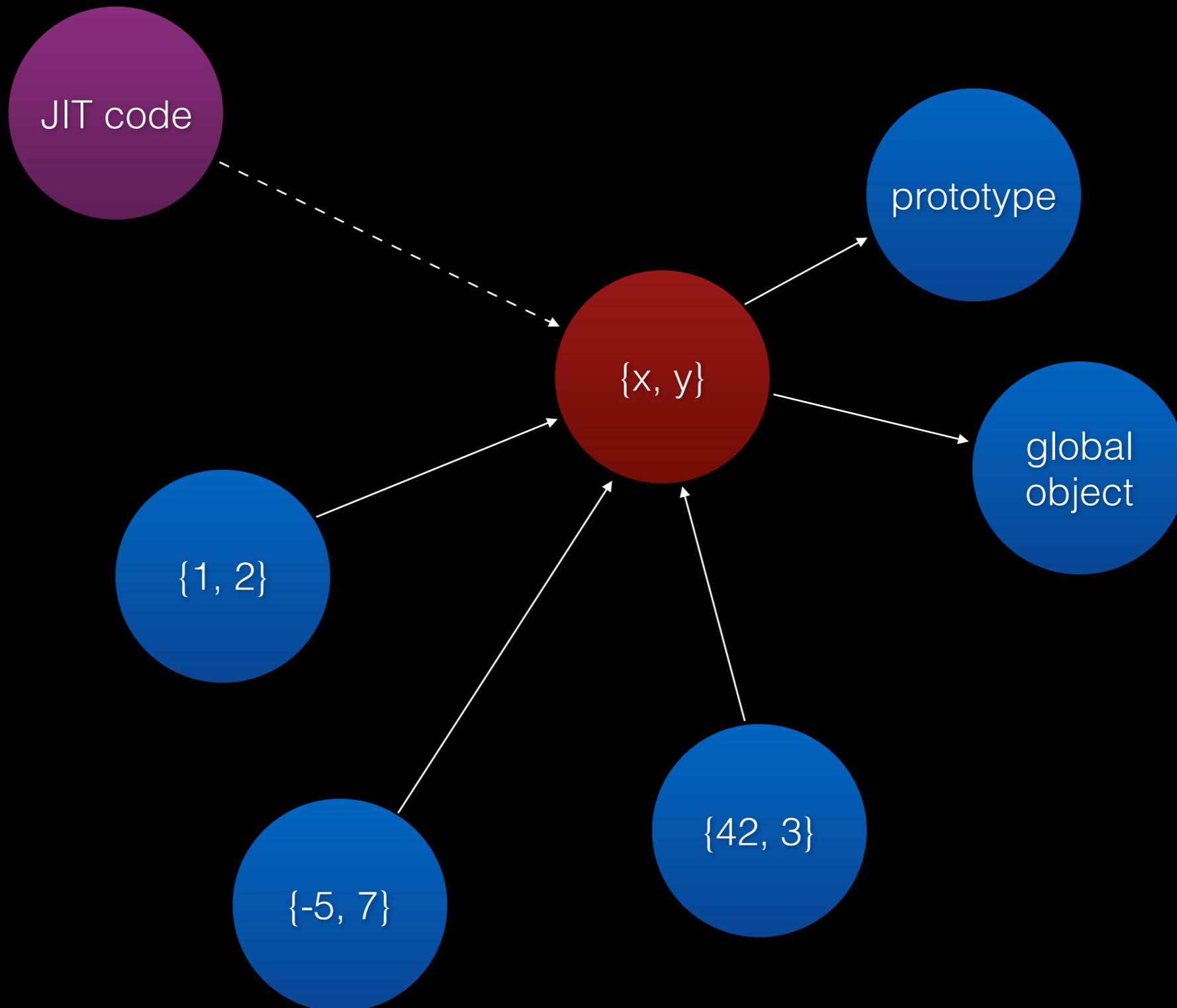


# Strong reference?

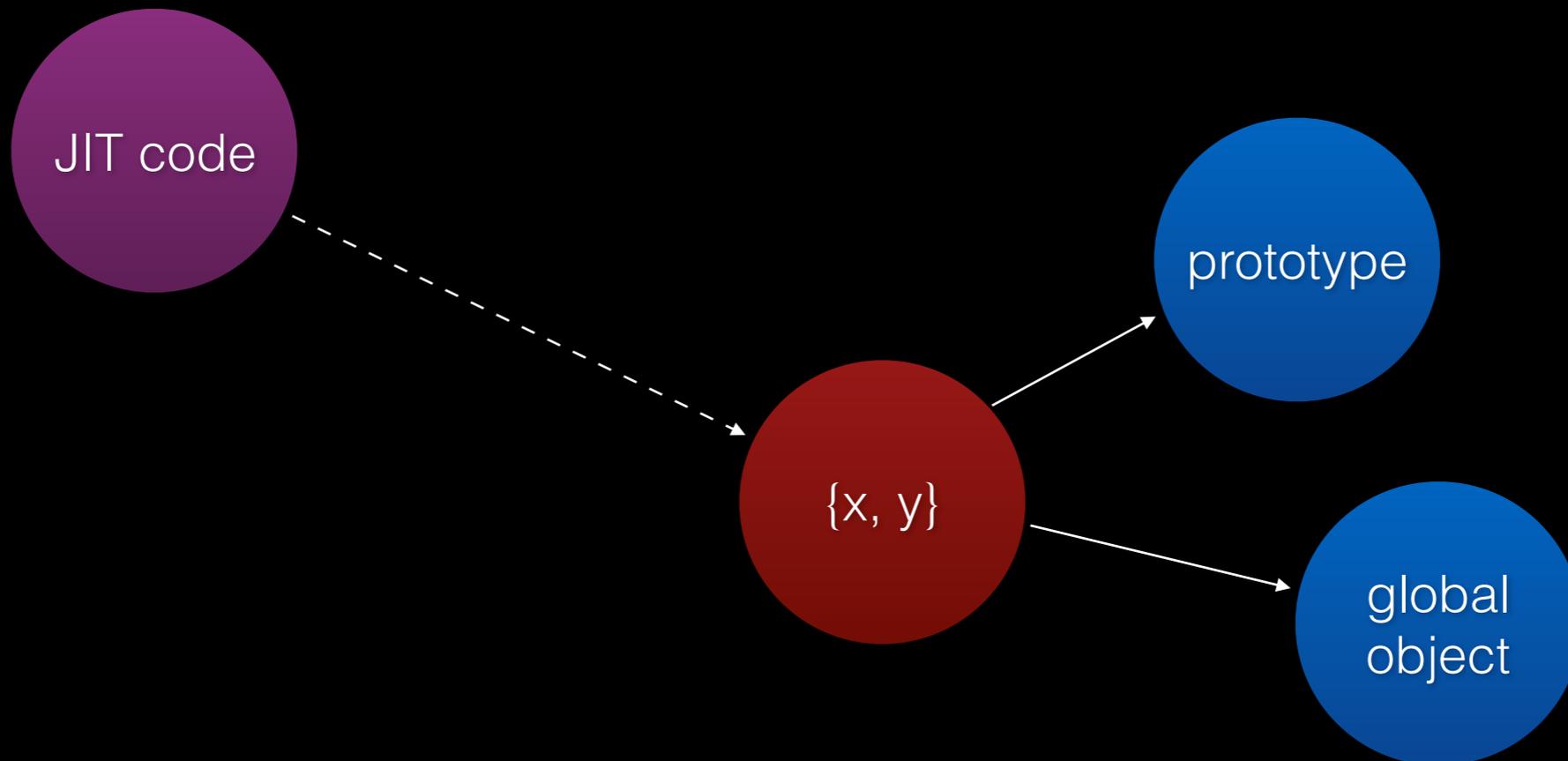


so many leaks

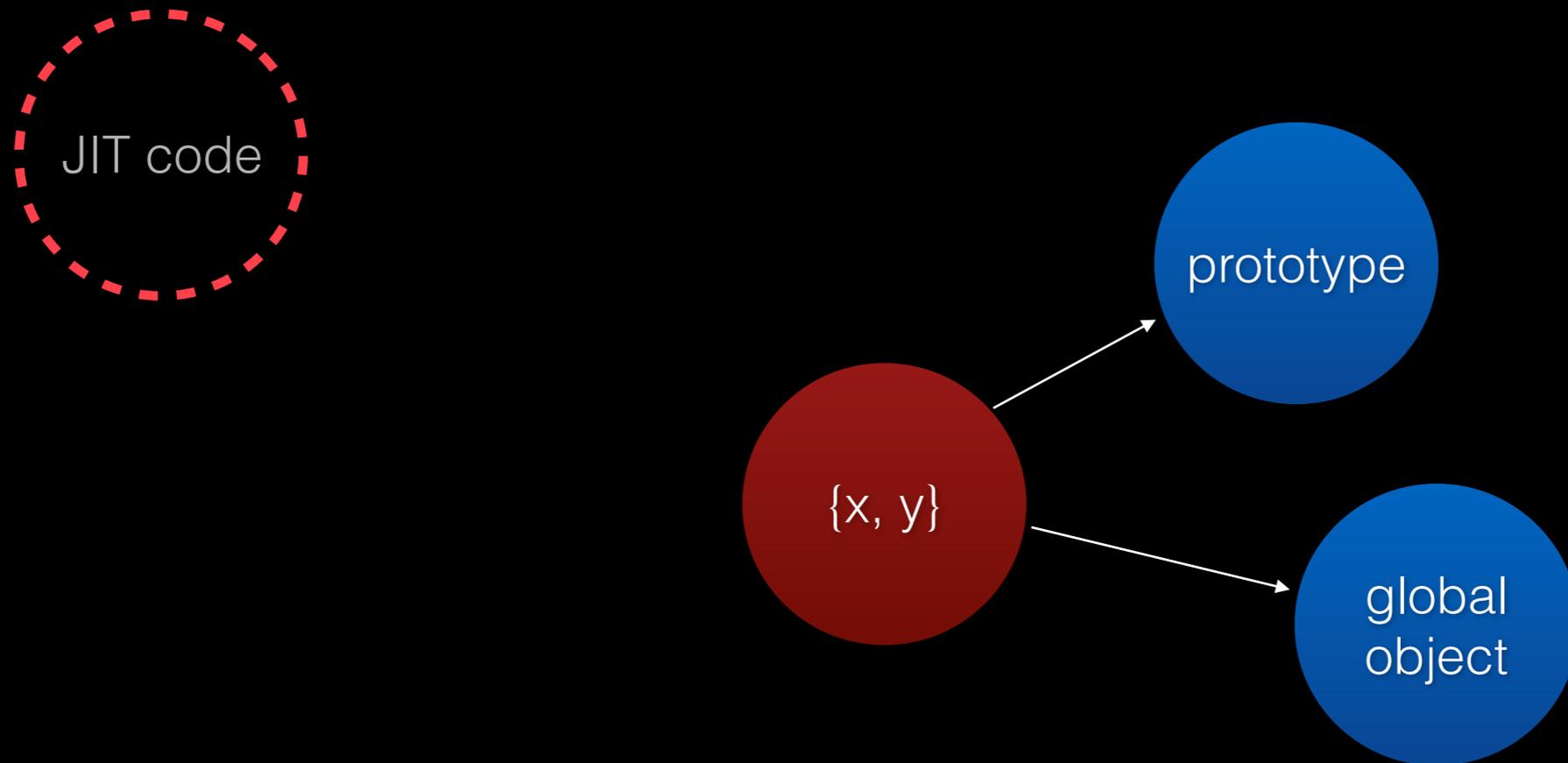
# Weak reference?



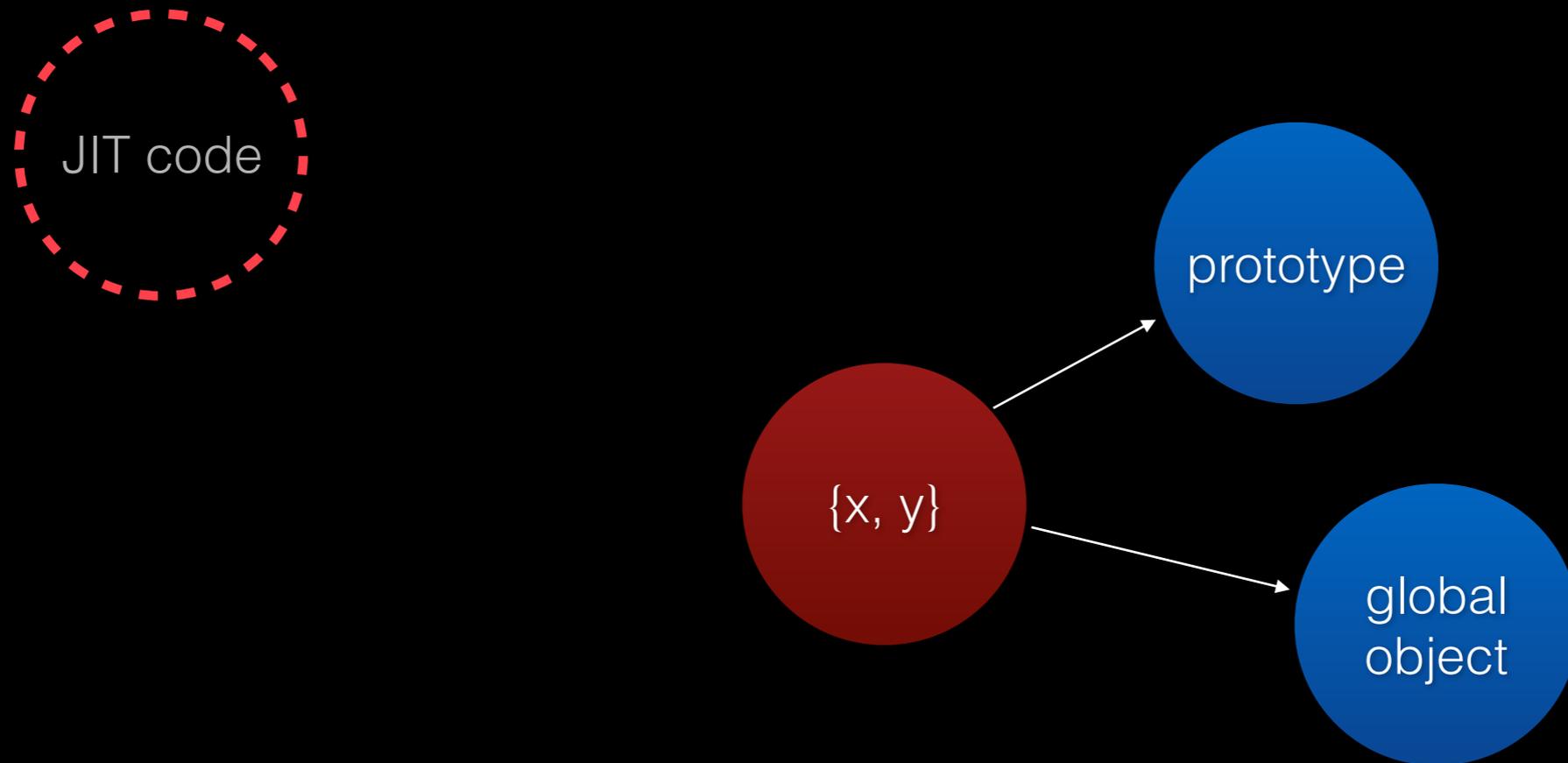
# Weak reference?



# Weak reference?

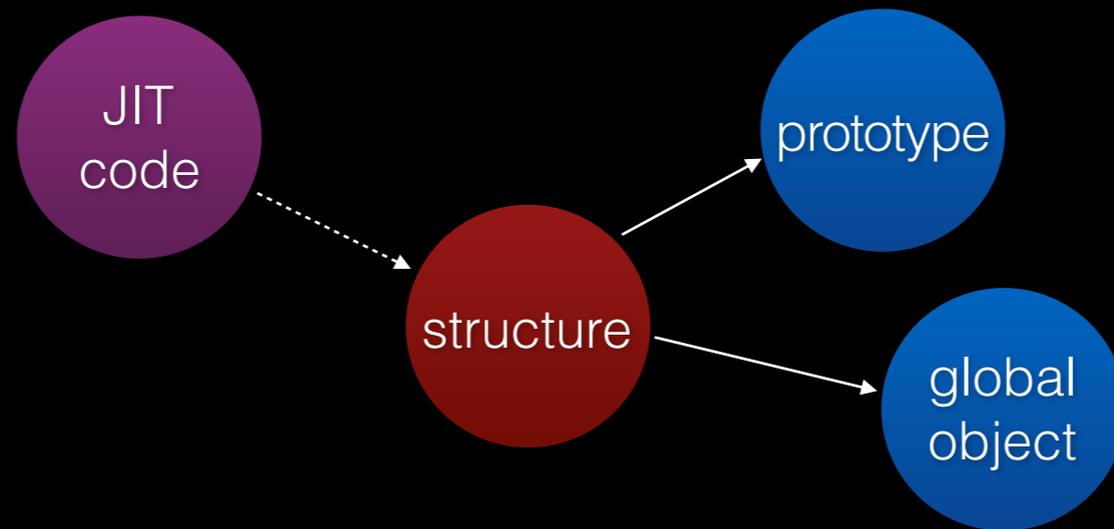


# Weak reference?

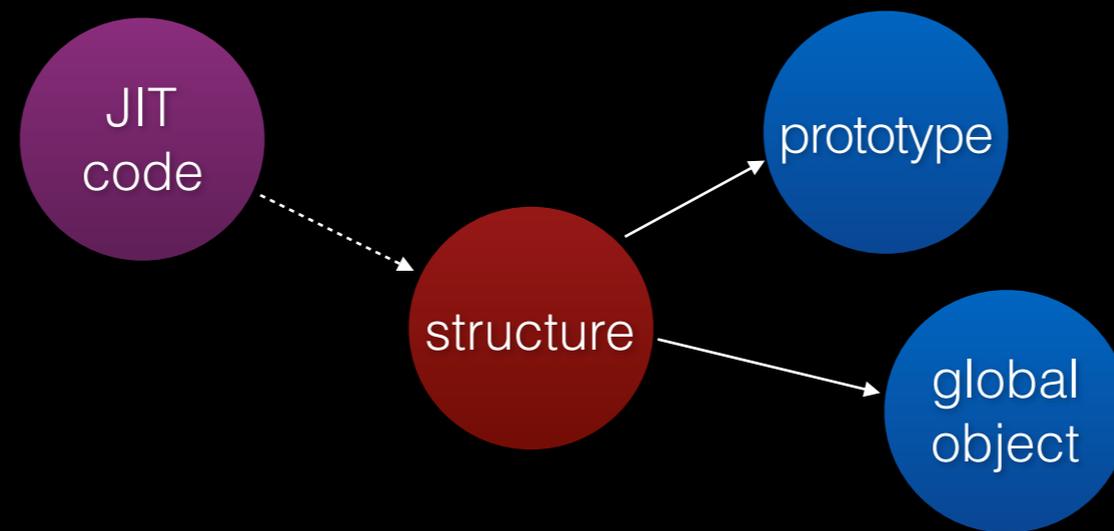


recomp storm

# Marking Constraint



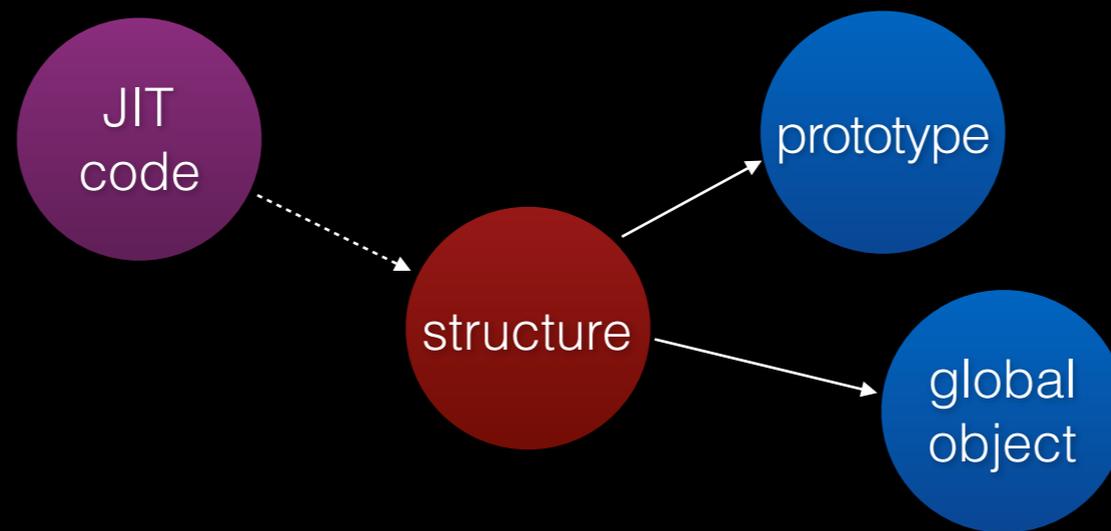
# Marking Constraint



- JIT code references the structure weakly.

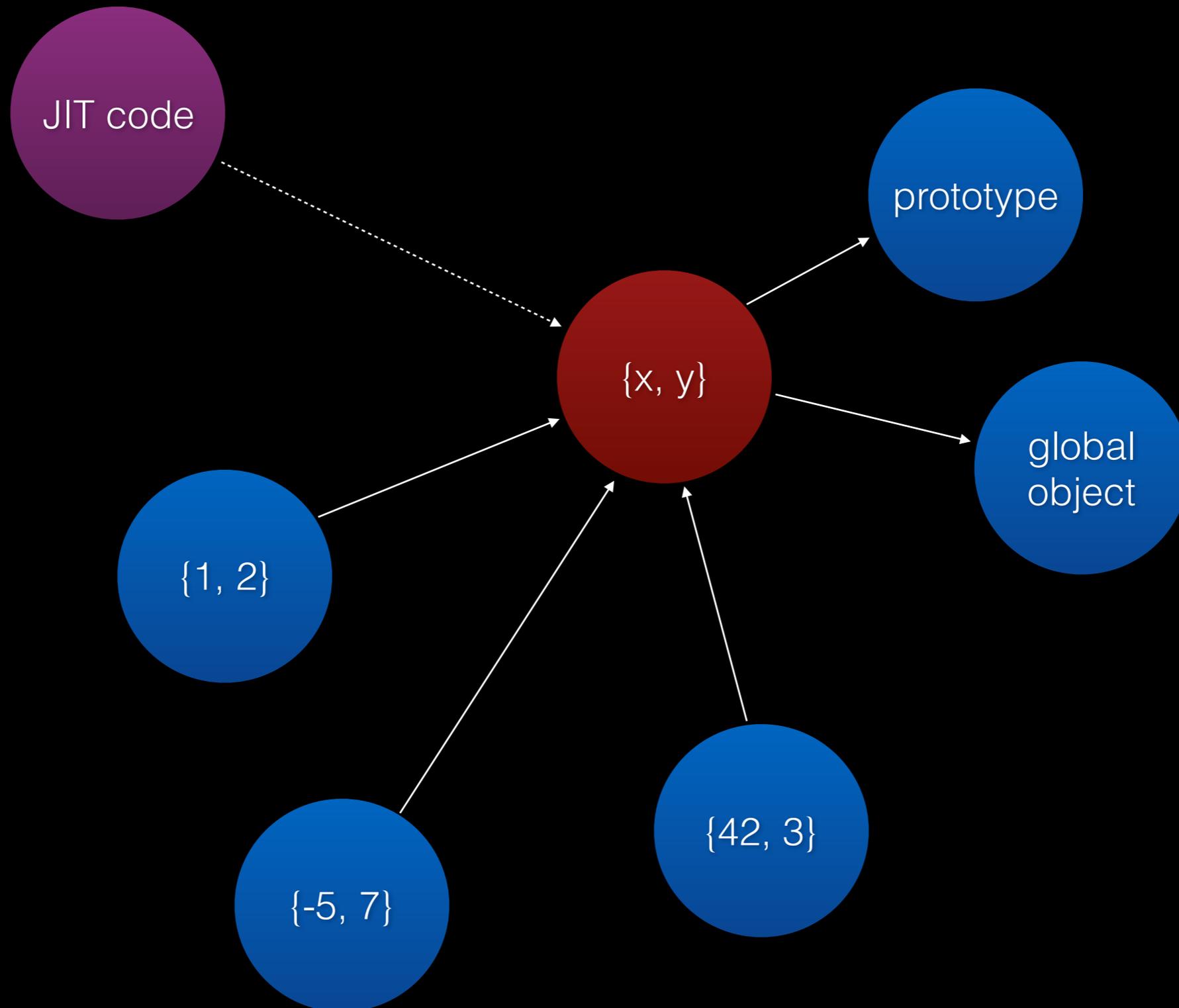
# Marking Constraint

```
if (isMarked(structure->globalObject())  
    && isMarked(structure->storedPrototype()))  
    mark(structure);
```

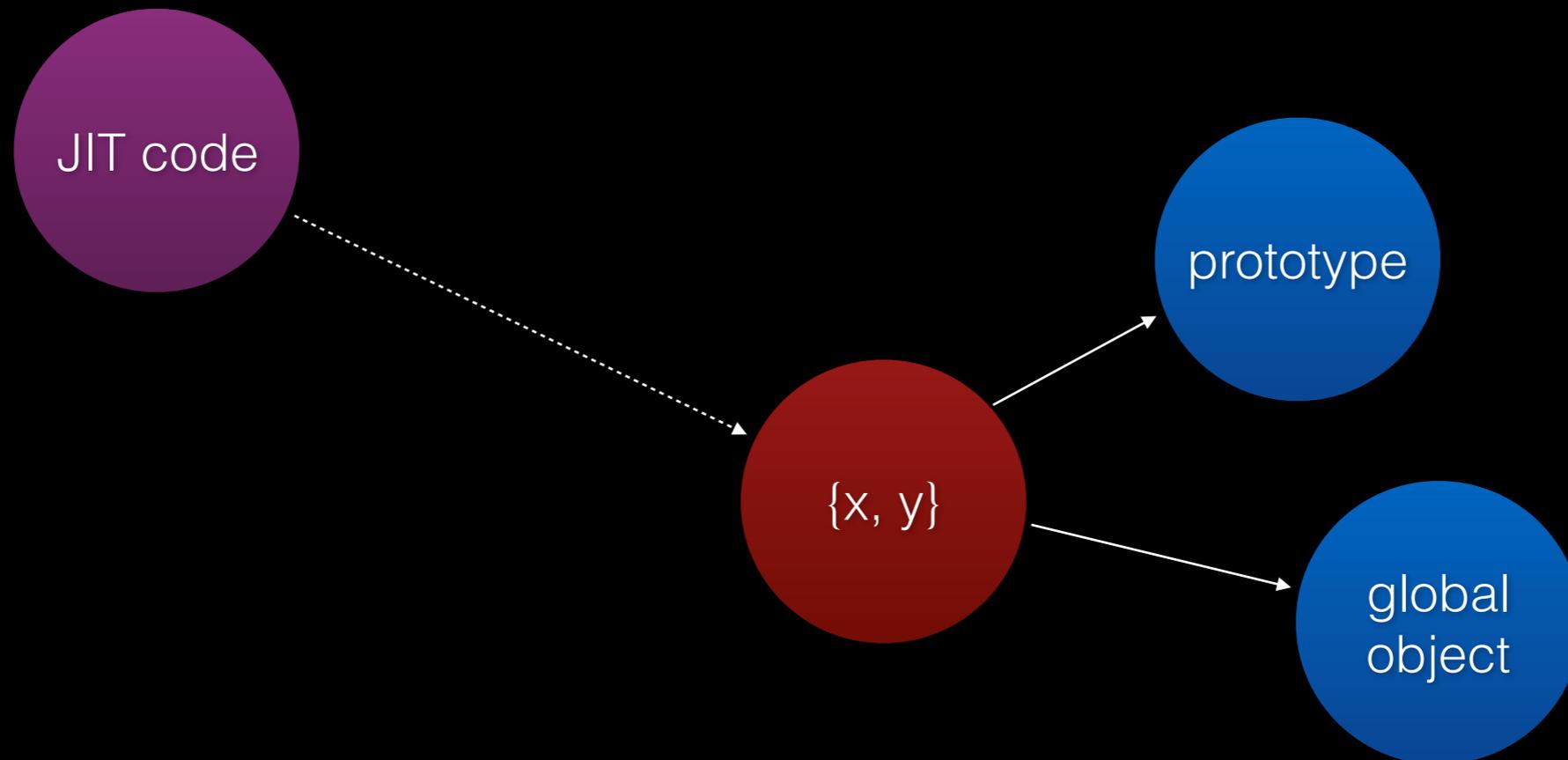


- JIT code references the structure weakly.
- JIT code also registers the above marking constraint.

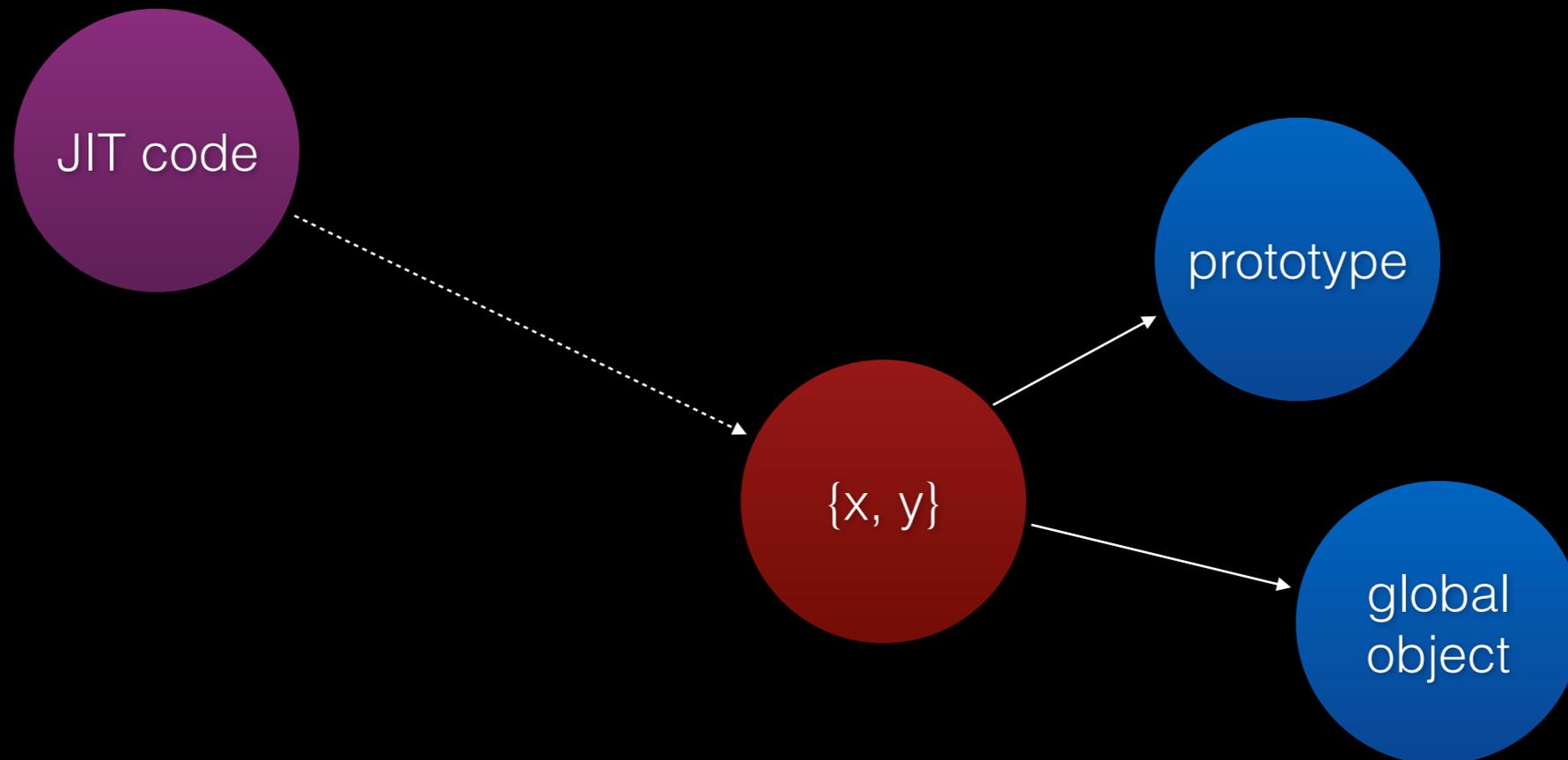
# Marking Constraint!



# Marking Constraint!

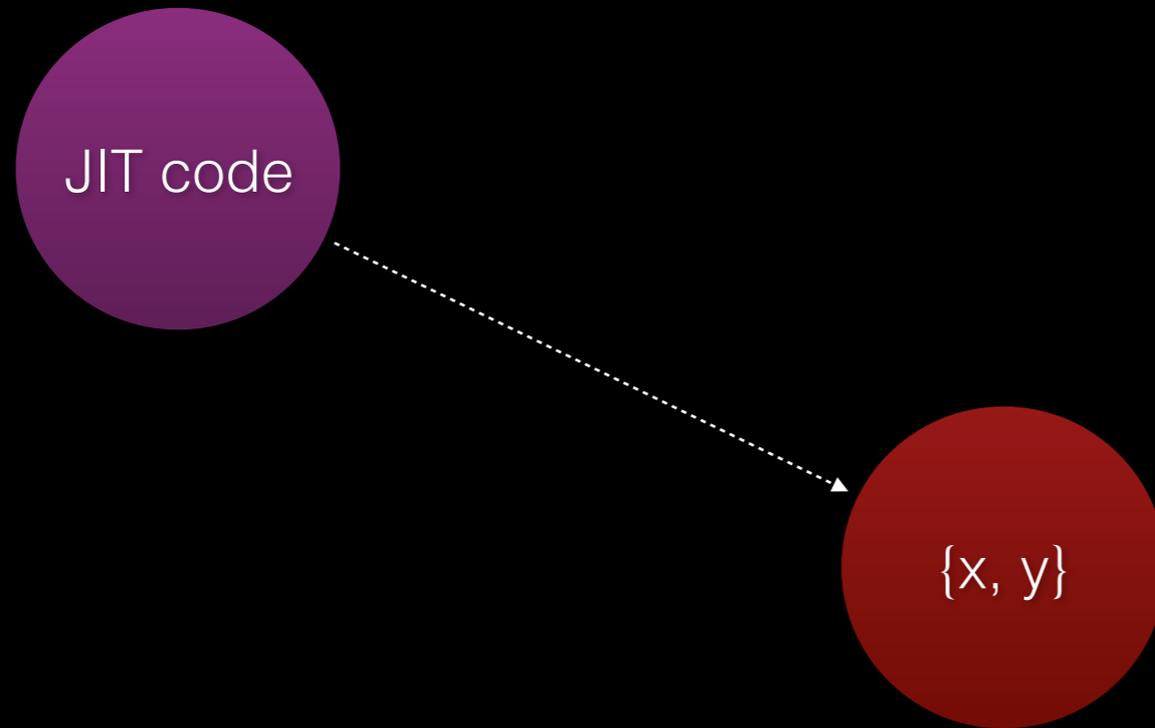


# Marking Constraint!



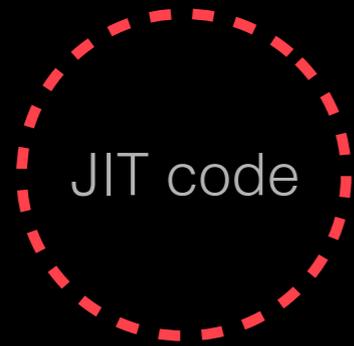
It's cool - the prototype and global object are long-lived.

# Marking Constraint!

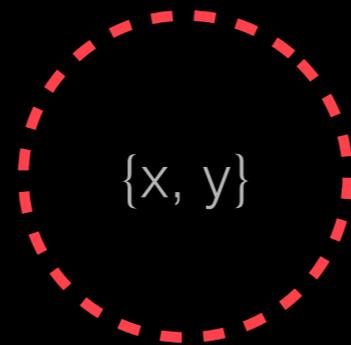


# Marking Constraint!

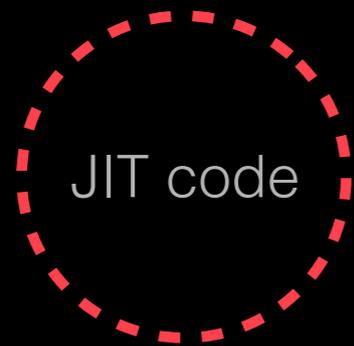
JIT code



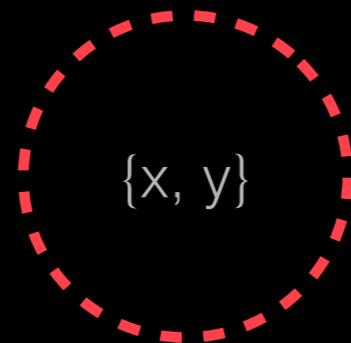
{x, y}



# Marking Constraint!



JIT code



{x, y}

We want the JIT code to die in this case.

# Marking Constraint!

- If the objects that use the structure die, then:
  - Keep structure alive if the user objects it points to are alive anyway.
  - Kill the structure (and the JIT code) if keeping it alive would not be safe-for-space.

# Marking Constraints

- Constraints can query which objects are marked.
- Constraints can mark objects.
- GC executes constraints to fixpoint.

# Garbage Collector

- Constraint-based
- Generational
- Concurrent
- Parallel

# Conclusion

- JavaScriptCore Architecture:
  - Interpreters and Multiple JITs
  - Cells, Structures, and Butterflies
  - Watchpoints, Value Profiles, and Inline Caches
  - Constraint-Based GC